BioMate[™] 3 Series Spectrophotometers





Operator's Manual



Figure 1 BioMate 3 spectrophotometer



Key/ ① A/C power connector ② RS232C port

Figure 2 Back panel of the spectrophotometer



<u>Key/</u>

- ① Paper roll holder
- ② Icon for paper direction
- ③ Paper entry slot
- ④ Finger tab

Figure 3 Installing the paper roll holders for the internal printer (335988)



Figure 4 Keypad of the BioMate 3 spectrophotometer

<u>Key</u>

- ① Cell position keys
- ② Function keys



Figure 5 Installing the Single-Position Cell Holder (335916)



Figure 6 Installing the printer (335988)



Figure 7 Removing the cover of the fuse compartment



Figure 8 Removing the fuse holder



Figure 9 Removing and replacing the fuses

Declaration of Conformity

(For instruments manufactured after July 1, 2001)

Model: Catalog Nos.:	GENESYS™ 10 Series 335900, 335900A, 335900P, 33590 335902, 335902A, 335902P, 33590 335906, 335906P, 335907, 335907	00AP, 335901, 335901A, 335901P, 335901AP 02AP, 335903, 335903A, 335903P, 335903AP P
Model: Catalog Nos.:	BioMate™ 3 335904, 335904P, 335905, 335905	P
Model: Catalog Nos.:	GENESYS™ 6 335908, 335908P	
	North American Plug (NEMA 5-15) European Plug (CEE 7/7 Schuko) United Kingdom Plug (BS 1363/A)	Numbers above Add a –02 suffix Add a –04 suffix

Thermo Electron Scientific Instrument Corporation certifies that the **GENESYS 10**, **GENESYS 6**, and **BioMate 3 Spectrophotometers** have been tested according to the instrumentation standards listed in this section in compliance with IEC directives and other regulatory requirements. The equipment under test (EUT) consisted of a sample instrument and applicable accessories, which are manufactured by Thermo Electron Scientific Instrument Corporation. The EUT was configured to ensure that both the worst case condition, and that all of the accessories were tested. This equipment has been tested for use in non-residential environments.

IEC Directives

89/336/EEC	Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive
73/23/EEC	Low Voltage Directive

Electromagnetic Compatibility Test Standards

IEC 61326-1	1998, Electrical Equip	oment for Measurement	Control, and Laboratory	y use - EMC Requirements	s. Class A Limits
	/			/	

- IEC 61000-4-2 1999, Electrostatic Discharge Immunity Test (Test level: 4KV Air Discharge and 4 KV Contact Discharge)
- IEC 61000-4-3 1998, Radiated, Radio Frequency, Electromagnetic Field Immunity Test (Test level: 3V/m)
- IEC 61000-4-4 1995, Electrical Fast Transient/Burst Immunity Test (Test level: 1KV on the supply lines)
- IEC 61000-4-5 1995, Surge Immunity Test (Test level: 0.5KV line to line and 1KV line to earth on the supply lines)
- IEC 61000-4-6 1996, Immunity to Conducted Disturbances, Induced by Radio-Frequency Fields (Test level: 3V on the supply lines)
- IEC 61000-4-11 1994, Voltage Dips, Short Interruptions, and Voltage Variations Test Level: 1 cycle/100%
- CISPR 16-2 1999, Specification for Radio Disturbance and Immunity Measuring Apparatus and Methods– Methods of Measurement of Disturbances and Immunity

Safety Test Standards

IEC 61010-1 1990 + A1 1992 +A2 1995. Safety requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory use.

CSA C22.2 No. 1010.1, plus Am 2

IEC 61010-1 1997, Safety requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory use; Part 1: General Requirements Test level: Installation Category II, Pollution Degree 2

Authorized signature:

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Date: <u>27May03</u>

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Patent No.: 6414753

Item No.: 335904-10001, Rev. G 06/03 Component No.: 335904-10063, Rev. G 06/03

GENERAL SAFETY NOTES USED IN THIS MANUAL



This symbol alerts you to important information about using the instrument. Be sure to read and follow the associated instructions carefully.



This symbol alerts you to potential electrical hazards. Be sure that only qualified personnel perform the related procedures.



This symbol alerts you to hot surfaces. Be sure to read and follow the associated instructions carefully.



This symbol alerts you to potential UV radiation exposure, which can cause eye damage. Wear UV-opaque eye protection..

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SOFTWARE PASSWORD

This password allows you to enter the security section of the software used on the Thermo Electron Corporation spectrophotometer. Through the security section, you can "lock" test setups (test parameters) so that they may not be altered. The password also allows you to remove the security so that you may edit the test parameters. Please refer to the appropriate section in this Operator's Manual for more information on locking a test.

PASSWORD: 4363797

CHAPTER 1 - Setting Up the Instrument 1-1 Setting up the instrument Setting utility parameters Setting utility parameters Selecting the language Setting the date and time Setting the date and time Setting the date and time Setting standby settings Setting baseline expiration time Setting the screen contrast Loading paper in the internal printer Setting the utility parameters for the printer Setting and positioning glassware

CHAPTER 2 - Using "Biotests" Software

Overview	2-1
Table of parameters	2-1
Entering information & commands	2-1
Types of parameter entries	2-1
Kevpad lavout	2-1
SmartStart feature	2-2
Setting up a single-test SmartStart	2-2
Setting up a multiple-test SmartStart	2-2
Nucleic acid measurements	2-2
DNA (260/280 and DNA 260/230)	2-3
DNA with Scan (260/280) and DNA with Scan (260/230)	2-4
dsDNA, ssDNA, RNA and Oligos (entered factor) Direct or UV Measurements	2-5
Protein Measurements	2-8
Bradford (standard & micro), Lowry (standard & micro), BCA (standard & micro) a	and Biuret
measurements	2-8
Direct UV (280) and Direct UV (205)	2-9
Warburg-Christian	2-10
Cell Growth	2-11
Setting test parameters	2-11
Measuring the sample	2-11
Oligo Calculator	2-12
Using the oligo calculator	2-12

CHAPTER 3 - Using "General Tests" Software

General information	3-1
Editing and Loading Saved Tests	3-1
Specifying names for tests	
Specifying concentration units	3-1
Using the SmartStart feature	
Running the cell correction program	3-3
Taking measurements	3-5
Saving tests	3-5
Basic Absorbance/%T measurements	
Setting the wavelength	3-6

Measuring a blank	36
Measuring unknowns	3.6
Recipion Concontration massurements	2 6
Setting the wavelength & mode	
Monouring a blank	
Measuring a standard	
Interving a factor	3-1 2 0
Entering a lactor	
Advanced A/0/ T/C Abaarbance 8 0/ Transmittance managuramente	
Auvanceu A/% I/C - Absolbance & % Italismillance measurements	3-0 2 0
Recalling a lest	
Setting up test parameters	3-9 2 0
Taking measurements	3-9
Auvanceu A/% I/C - Concentration measurements	2 40
Recalling a lest	3-10
Setting up test parameters	
Measuring a standard	
Entering a factor	3-11
Measuring unknowns	3-11
Standard Curve	3-11
Recalling a standard curve	3-11
Setting the parameters for a standard curve	3-12
Measuring the standards for a standard curve	3-12
Measuring unknowns	3-13
Editing a standard curve	3-13
Absorbance Ratio	3-13
Recalling a test	3-14
Setting up test parameters	3-15
Measuring unknowns	3-15
Absorbance Difference	3-16
Recalling a test	3-16
Setting up test parameters	3-16
Measuring unknowns	3-16
Kinetics	3-17
Recalling a test	3-17
Setting up test parameters	3-17
Measuring unknowns	3-17
Rescaling & recalculating kinetics results	3-18
Rescaling & recalculating tabular kinetics results	3-19
Survey Scan/Scanning	3-20
Recalling a test	3-20
Setting up test parameters	3-20
Collecting a baseline scan	3-20
Scanning an unknown	3-21
Viewing & manipulating scan data	3-21
3-Point Net	3-24
Recalling a test	3-24
Setting up test parameters	3-24

Taking measurements	
Multiple Wavelengths	
Recalling a test	
Setting up test parameters	
Taking measurements	

CHAPTER 4 - Using the Performance Validation Program

Overview	4-1
Accessing the Performance Validation tests	4-1
Troubleshooting checklist	4-1
Wavelength Accuracy - Internal	4-1
Wavelength Accuracy - Standards	4-2
Adding wavelengths	4-2
Deleting wavelengths	4-3
Photometric Accuracy	4-3
Selecting the mode	4-3
Adding standards	4-3
Deleting standards	4-4
Running the test	4-4
Noise Measurement	4-4
Stray Light	
Running the test	4-5
Internal Printer Test	4-5
RS232C Test	4-6

CHAPTER 5 - Connecting & Using Accessories

General information	5-1
Cell holders & cell holder accessories	5-1
Changing cell holders	5-2
Internal printer	5-3
Installing the internal printer	5-3
Loading paper in the internal printer	5-3
External computers	5-3

CHAPTER 6 - Performing Maintenance Procedures

Routine care	6-1
Cleaning	6-1
Cleaning and maintenance of cells	6-1
Cleaning the windows of the sample compartment	6-2
Changing the fuse	6-2
Replacement parts	6-3

Appendix A - Specifications Appendix B - Parameters Appendix C - Calculations Index

Setting up the instrument

- 1. Carefully unpack the shipping carton and verify that you have received all the items listed below.
 - BioMate 3 spectrophotometer
 - Power cord
 - Operator's Manual BioMate 3
 spectrophotometer
 - Dust cover
 - Single Cell Holder

Models shipped with internal printer installed will also include:

- 1 roll of printer paper
- 1 printer holder set
- 2. Place the instrument on a flat, even surface that is:
 - As far as possible from any strong electric or magnetic fields and from any electrical device that may generate high-frequency fields
 - Free of dust, corrosive gases and strong vibrations
- **3.** Remove any obstructions or materials that could hinder the flow of air under, behind and around the instrument.
- Connect the female end of the power cord into the connector labeled A/C power on the back panel of the instrument (see Figure 2).
- **5.** Plug the other end of the power cord into a grounded outlet with the appropriate voltage.
- **6.** Ensure that the sample compartment does not contain any samples, and that the sample compartment door is closed.
- 7. Snap the paper roll holders (if needed) into place as shown in Figure 3. They will fit flush with the top of the instrument.
- 8. Turn on the instrument by pressing the power switch to ON (1=ON, 0=OFF). The power-on sequence will appear on the display and the instrument will go through its self-diagnostics. The instrument performs these diagnostics in the sequence shown:

- b) Initializing
- c) Calibrating filter wheel
- d) Finding zero order
- e) Finding energy peak
- f) Calibrating grating

Setting utility parameters

You should set up some of the utility parameters after the instrument is first powered up. These parameters include the date and time, standby setting, language, screen contrast settings and parameters needed to set up the printer.

Setting Up the Instrument

You can set up the other utility parameters, or change the utility settings, at any time except when an entry screen is displayed or when the instrument is carrying out a task (such as setting the blank).

• Press the **UTILITY** key. The **Utility** screen appears on the display.

From this screen, you can set the date and time, select the standby settings, select the language, reset the lamp hours, select the contrast settings and select the parameters for a printer.

Selecting the language

The instrument supports English, Spanish, French, German and Italian as the language options.

- With the Utility screen displayed, press the arrow keys to highlight Language and press ENTER.
- Press the arrow keys to highlight the language you want to select and press **ENTER**.

Utility			15:48	31Jan02
S	oftware Re	evision:	0.007	h
Printer Date/Tim Standby Baseline Beeper Language 2 of lam Screen C	e Setup Expiratio p life use	on (hr:m ed	15:48 in)	15262 31Jan02 15 min Off On English 0.10%
Printout Stored To Calculat	Contrast ests Direc or	ctory		
Press †	or 4 to se	elect par	rameter	

a) Logo

Setting the date and time

To access the date and time settings:

 With the Utility screen displayed, press the arrow keys to highlight Date/Time Setup and press ENTER. The screen displays the three date/time options that you can modify - date, time format and time.

To set the date:

- Press the arrow keys to highlight **Set Date** and press **ENTER**.
- Press **Set Day**, type the date, then press **ENTER**.
- Press **Set Month**, highlight the correct month, then press **ENTER**.
- Press **Set Year**, type the year, then press **ENTER**.
- When the date is correct, press **ESC** to save the settings and return to the **Utility** screen.

To select the time format:

You can set up the spectrophotometer to display the time in either am/pm format or in 24-hour format.

 To change the display format for the time, press the arrow keys to highlight **Time Format** and press **ENTER** until the format that you want to use (AM/PM or 24 hour) appears.

To set the time:

- Press the arrow keys to highlight Set Time and press ENTER.
- To set the hour, press **Set Hour**, type in the hour and press **ENTER**.
- To set the minutes, press **Set Minute**, type in the minute and press **ENTER**.
- To select between AM and PM, press Set AM/PM until the appropriate setting appears.
- **Note:** Any changes you make are saved automatically (even during power down) by battery backup.

Selecting standby settings

To prolong xenon lamp life, your spectrophotometer has been pre-set at the factory to automatically go into standby mode after 15 minutes. To change Standby Mode time:

- With the Utility screen displayed, press the arrow keys to highlight Standby and press ENTER.
- Press the arrow keys to highlight the length of time you want the instrument will wait before entering standby mode and press **ENTER**.

Setting baseline expiration time

If you will be performing scans on your samples, you can set a time limit for a collected baseline.

To set the baseline expiration time:

- With the **Utility** screen displayed, press the arrow keys to highlight **Baseline Expiration** (hr:min) and press **ENTER**.
- Enter the desired time into the Entry baseline expiration time field. Press **ENTER**.

Setting the screen contrast

To make it easier to read the display, you can adjust the screen contrast on the spectrophotometer.

- With the **Utility** screen displayed, press the arrow keys to highlight **Screen Contrast** and press **ENTER**.
- Press the arrow keys to adjust the screen contrast.
- When the screen contrast is correct, press **ESC**.

Setting up the internal printer

To set up the printer properly, you need to load the paper and set the utility parameters for the printer. Before setting up the parameters for the printer, be sure that the printer is installed. If you have ordered the internal printer as a separate item, you will need to install it. Refer to the section *Connecting & using accessories* for instructions on installing the printer.

Loading paper in the internal printer

- **Note:** Make sure that the paper roll holders are in place as shown in Figure 3. When installed correctly, they will fit flush with the top of the instrument.
- Cut the paper so the edge is even.
- **Note:** Arrows on the paper roll holders indicate the direction of the paper feed (see Figure 3).

- Feed the paper straight into the paper entry slot. The printer grabs the end of the paper and pulls it in.
- In Basic Absorbance/%Transmittance (%T), when the paper stops, press ENTER to continue advancing the paper until the paper comes out of the paper exit slot.
- Pull out on the finger tabs on the paper roll holders and secure the roll of paper onto the paper roll holder.

Setting the utility parameters for the printer

If you wish to use a printer you can output to:

- Internal printer.
- External RS232 printer.

To ensure that the spectrophotometer can output information correctly to the printer, you need to select the appropriate device.

- Press the **UTILITY** key. The **Utility** screen appears on the display.
- Press the arrow keys to highlight **Printer** and press **ENTER**.



- Select the printer that you want to use and press **ENTER** until **On** appears.
- Press **ESC** to save the settings and return to the Utility screen.

Selecting and positioning glassware

The wavelength range for different types of cells varies depending on the manufacturer:

- Glass From 320 to 360nm, up to 1100nm.
- Quartz From 190 to 230nm, up to 1100nm.
- Disposable Refer to manufacturer's specifications and ensure that you work within the recommended range.

Test tubes vs. cuvettes

- Square cuvettes that are carefully matched (see "Correcting for cell variability" below) yield very precise results. Matched test tubes, when properly handled, can show as little as 1-2% deviation between readings.
- The pathlength of test tubes is not as well defined as in square cuvettes. However, constructing a standard curve eliminates the need for great accuracy in knowing the pathlength, provided that the same pathlength cell is used for all blanks, standards and samples.

Other guidelines

- Be sure to position cuvettes and test tubes so that the clear sides face the light beam. This means that one clear side should face the front of the instrument and the other clear side should face the back of the instrument.
- **Note:** Test tubes should always be placed in the instrument in exactly the same orientation in the light beam. A fiducial mark on the test tube helps you orient the test tubes consistently and correctly.
- When using small aperture cells:
 - · Always use masked cells.
 - Use the same cell (or cuvette) for your blank and your samples.

Z-dimensions

The figure below illustrates the position of the light beam in the spectrophotometer.

The specifications for the sample compartment, including the dimensions of the beam are:

- Z-dimension
 - Square cuvettes/Test tubes 8.5mm
- Beam size 2mm (wide) x 7mm (high)



Using "Biotests" Software

<u>Overview</u>

The BioMate instrument allows you to run an assortment of tests used to characterize biological and biochemical substances. These tests fall into the following categories:

- Nucleic acid measurements
- Protein measurements
- · Cell growth analysis
- Oligonucleotide calculations

All of the parameters for the BioMate applications described in this chapter are factory-set. This means that if you want to change the parameters, you will need to specify a different name to save the new test parameters.

Turn on your spectrophotometer. After the poweron sequence is completed, the list of BioMate test categories appears.

BioMate Te:	sts	10:28	29May02
Nucleic A Protein To Cell Grow Oligo Calo	cid Tests ests th culator		
Press † or	↓ to sele	ct	
	General Tests	Stored Tests	Basic ATC

Table of parameters

Parameters used in the spectrophotometer are located in Appendix B.

You can use this list as a reference when you are setting up tests.

Entering information & commands

The keypad on the spectrophotometer includes a numeric keypad as well as certain special keys that you can use to enter information and commands.

Types of parameter entries

Different parameters require different types of entries - you can select from a list for some parameters, while you need to enter a value for others. While using the spectrophotometer, you will notice the following types of entries for parameters:

- **Type-in entries** are numeric values that you can enter using the numeric keypad.
- **Toggle entries** offer two options for a parameter. You can press **ENTER** to switch between the two options, then press one of the arrow keys to move to another parameter.
- **Pop-up windows** list multiple options for a parameter or display messages. You can press the arrow keys to select the value you want, then press **ENTER** to select it and move to another parameter.
- Cursor selections are used on graphical displays and the character list you use to name tests and files. On graphical displays, the cursor appears as a vertical line; on the character list, the cursor highlights the character where it is positioned. You use the cursor control keys to move the cursor to the character or position on the graph you want to select.

Keypad layout

The keypad on the spectrophotometer (shown in Figure 4) includes a numeric keypad as well as the following special keys:

- Function keys These four keys allow you to select a particular task you want to perform. The tasks you can perform appear on the display screen above each key and vary from one screen to another. On some screens, all four keys will function, while on other screens only some of the function keys will work.
- **Esc** In general, when you press **ESC**, the program clears the current entry but does not change any values you have already accepted. The program may also return you to the previous screen when you press **ESC**.
- Clear When you press CLEAR, the program deletes any entry you have made but does not change any values you have already accepted. The program does not return you to the previous screen when you press CLEAR.
- Enter Typically, when you press ENTER, the program accepts any highlighted or selected values and advances to the next parameter or screen. Specific instructions later in this guide indicate any special instructions about using ENTER.

Using "Biotests" Software

- Arrow keys These keys allow you to control the position of the cursor so you can select values from lists or select an option from a screen.
- Cell position keys These keys allow you to select which cell position the instrument will use for a measurement. If you have the optional turret installed, one position is reserved for your blank and you can select from five cell positions for your samples.
- Utility When you press UTILITY, the Utility screen appears on the display.
- **Test** When you press **TEST**, the **Test Types** screen appears on the display.
- **Print** When you press **PRINT**, the instrument prints the information that appears on the display.

SmartStart feature

BioMate's SmartStart feature enables you to select the test methods you use most frequently and have them appear when you start up your instrument. If your laboratory runs only a single test, you can use the SmartStart feature to select it and it will appear each time you start up your instrument. Similarly, if you have a set of tests you run, you can use SmartStart to select them so the list appears when you start up the instrument.

Setting up a single-test SmartStart

- With the BioMate Tests Screen displayed, press the Stored Tests key on the spectrophotometer keypad. A list of all the tests on the instrument appears on the screen.
- **2.** Scroll down through the list until the appropriate test is highlighted.
- When the appropriate test is highlighted, press Select Test to add the selected test to the SmartStart menu. An arrow sign ">" will indicate the test has been selected
- 4. Press Load Test.
- 5. The parameter screen of the test you selected will be displayed.
- **Note:** At this point, you can power down the instrument and then power it back up. When it starts up again, the parameter screen for the selected test will be displayed.

Setting up a multiple-test SmartStart

- 1. Press the **Stored Tests** key on the spectrophotometer keypad.
- **2.** Scroll down through the list until the first appropriate test is highlighted.
- **3.** Press **Select Tests** to add the selected test to the SmartStart menu.
- 4. Continue scrolling through the list and adding tests until you've made all the appropriate selections.
- 5. Press ESC until you return to the BioMate Tests screen.
- **Note:** At this point, you can power down the instrument and then power it back up. When it starts up again, the list of tests you've selected will be displayed.

Nucleic acid measurements

You can use these tests to determine the concentration and purity of nucleic acid in a given sample.

- DNA measures absorbance at 260 and 280nm; determines concentration and purity based on absorbance ratio and absorbance difference; also calculates protein concentration.
- DNA with scan records absorbance scan between 260 and 280nm or between 260 and 230nm; determines concentration and purity based on absorbance ratio and absorbance concentration; also calculates protein concentration.
- **dsDNA** measures absorbance at 260nm; calculates concentration based on absorbance and concentration factor.
- ssDNA, RNA measures absorbance at 260nm; calculates concentration based on absorbance and concentration factor.
- Oligonucleotides ("Oligos") measures absorbance at 260nm; calculates concentration based on absorbance and concentration factor or calculates concentration based on absorbance and concentration factor determined by oligo calculator.

Several of these categories include multiple tests that are similar, so the section may not include screen samples for each test. For example, the parameters are the same for the Direct UV measurement of ssDNA and RNA tests, but the factor used to convert absorbance to concentration is different. Similarly, for the Direct UV measurement of oligonucleotides tests, the parameters are also the same, but the factors used to convert absorbance to concentration are different. For a complete list of all parameters and calculations for each test, refer to Appendices B and C.

DNA (260/280) and DNA (260/230)

These tests function almost identically - the only difference is the wavelengths used for the measurements. One test measures absorbance at 260 and 280nm, while the other measures absorbance at 260 and 230nm. Refer to Appendix B for a description of the parameters and Appendix C for the default values.

To get started, with the BioMate Tests screen displayed, move the arrow keys to highlight **Nucleic Acid Tests** and press **ENTER**. A list of nucleic acid test appears. Move the arrow keys to highlight **DNA (260/280)**. The **DNA (260/280)** parameter screen appears.

- **Note:** The following screens show the parameters for the DNA (260/280) test. For the DNA (260/230) test, Wavelength 2 is set to 230nm.
- Note: If Cell Correction is ON, you must run the Setup Correction program before you can access the Run Test or Measure Samples keys.

(DNA (260/28	0)	16:44	27Mar02
Test Name Wavelength Wavelength Ref. Wavele DNA Factor DNA Factor Display Pro Protein Fac Protein Fac	1 2 ength Corr (2 otein etor (2 stor (2	A (260/280) rection 260nm) 280nm) 280nm)	Default] 260nm 280nm 0ff 62.9 36 0n 1552 257.3
More parame	ters		
Press † or	↓ to_sele Save Test	ect item to c Stored Tests	hange. Run Test

Setting up test parameters

- 1. With the DNA (260/280) or DNA (260/230) screen displayed, use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the parameter you want to set.
- When the parameters are set, you can press Save Test to save the test or Run Test to measure the blank and unknowns.

Measuring unknowns

Measuring unknowns automatically (using Auto 6 or Auto 3)

DNA (26 Test Na	50/280) ame: DNA (260/280) Abs Abs	8:09_28Mar02 BLANK
ID#	HDS HDS 260mm 280mm	
	Insert sample	e 1
	into position	n 1
	Press ENTER to	measure
·		
<u>ر ا</u>	I	I

- 1. Place the blank and unknowns in the correct cell positions.
- 2. Press ENTER to start the measurements. The instrument automatically measures the blank first, then measures the unknowns and displays the sample measurements on the screen.

DNA (26 Test Na ID#	0/280) me: DNA Abs 260nm	(260/280) Abs 280nm	9:0	5 28Mar02 Cell # 1
1	0.460	0.243		
	DNA Ratio	DNA Conc	Protein Conc	
Result	1.894	20.19	28.61	
	_			
Page 1,	Sample	1		M
[neasure Sample

Measuring unknowns manually (using Manual 6 or Single Cell Positioner)

1. With the DNA setup screen displayed, press Run Test.

DNA (260/2 Test Name: A ID# 2	80) DNA (260/280 bs Abs 60nm 280nm 	9:25 28Mar02) Cell # 1
Measure Blank		

- 2. Place the blank and unknown in the correct cell positions. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, you can place up to five samples in the cell holder.
- 3. Press **Measure Blank** to measure the blank. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, it automatically moves to the B position to measure the blank. When it completes the measurement, it returns to its previous cell position.
- 4. Press Measure Sample to start the measurement. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, press the cell position buttons on the keypad to re-position the cell holder and measure the rest of the unknowns manually.

DNA with Scan (260/280) and DNA with Scan (260/230)

The DNA measurement with scan tests include two test that function almost identically - the only difference is in the wavelengths used for the measurements. In both cases the scan is measured from 225 to 325nm. One test measures absorbance at 260 and 280nm, while the other measures absorbance at 260 and 230nm. Refer to Appendix B for a description of the parameters and Appendix C for the default values.

To get started, with the BioMate Tests screen displayed, move the arrow keys to highlight **Nucleic Acid Tests** and press **ENTER**. A list of

nucleic acid test appears. Move the arrow keys to highlight **DNA with Scan (260/280)**. The **DNA with Scan (260/280)** parameter screen appears.

- **Note:** The following screens show the parameters for the DNA (260/280) test. For the DNA (260/230) test, Wavelength 2 is set to 230nm.
- Note: If Cell Correction is ON, you must run the Setup Correction program before you can access the Run Test or Measure Samples keys.

DNA with Sc	an (260/280)) 9:43 28Mar0 Cell # 1	2
Test Name Wavelength Wavelength Ref. Wavele DNA Factor DNA Factor DNA Factor Display Pro Protein Fac Protein Fac More parame	DNAscan 1 2 mgth Correc (280 tein tor (280 tor (260 ters	(260/280) Default 260n 280n 280n 0f 0nm) 62. 0nm) 3 0nm) 155 0nm) 757.	nmf96n23
Press † or	↓ to_select Save Test	; item to change. Stored Run Tests Test	

Setting up test parameters

- With the DNA with Scan (260/280) or DNA with Scan (260/230) screen displayed, use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the parameter you want to set.
- When the parameters are set, you can press Save Test to save the test or Run Test to measure the blank and unknowns.

Collecting a baseline scan

- **Note:** If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, be sure to place the blank in the B position. The instrument always uses the B position to collect the baseline.
- With the DNA with Scan (260/280) or DNA with Scan (260/230) screen displayed, press Run Test. The DNA with Scan measurement screen appears.



- 2. Place the blank in the B position.
- **3.** Press Measure Blank to collect the baseline. When the instrument is finished measuring the blank, the message disappears.
- **Note:** If you want to switch between tabular and graphical displays, press **Graph** or **Tabular.**

Measuring the sample

- 1. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, be sure to place the unknown in cell position #1.
- **Note:** The instrument always uses cell position #1 to measure the sample.
- With the DNA with Scan measurement screen displayed, press Measure Sample to measure the sample. When the instrument is finished measuring the absorbance scan, it displays a graph of the scan along with the sample ID#, DNA ratio, DNA concentration and protein concentration.
- **Note:** If you want to switch between tabular and graphical displays, press **Graph** or **Tabular.**
- **Note:** You may need to use the up and down arrow keys to view all the data for the screen.



dsDNA, ssDNA, RNA and Oligos (entered factor) Direct or UV Measurements

These test measurements are all set up and run using the same types of test parameters. Refer to Appendix B for a description of the parameters and Appendix C for the default values.

To get started, with the BioMate Tests screen displayed, move the arrow keys to highlight **Nucleic Acid Tests** and press **ENTER**. A list of nucleic acid test appears. Move the arrow keys to highlight the desired test and press **ENTER**. The **dsDNA**, **ssDNA**, **RNA** or **Oligos (entered factor)** parameter screen appears.

- **Note:** The following screens show the parameters for the dsDNA test.
- Note: If Cell Correction is ON, you must run the Setup Correction program before you can access the Run Test or Measure Samples keys.



Setting up test parameters

- 1. With the dsDNA, ssDNA, RNA or Oligos setup screen displayed, use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the parameter you want to set.
- When the parameters are set, you can press Save Test to save the test or Run Test to measure the blank and unknowns.

Measuring unknowns

Measuring unknowns automatically (using Auto 6 or Auto 3)

dsDNA Test) Name: ds	9:35 30Apr02 Cell # 1	
ID#	Abs 260nm	dsDNA µg∕mL	
1	0.426	21.30	
Page	1, Sampl	e 1	
			Measure Sample

- 1. Place the blank and unknowns in the correct cell positions.
- 2. Press ENTER to start the measurements. The instrument automatically measures the blank first, then measures the unknowns and displays the sample measurements on the screen.

dsDN Test	A Name: ds	9:35 30Apr02 Cell # 1	
ID#	Abs 260nm	dsDNA µg∕mL	
1	0.426	21.30	
Page	1, Sampl	e 1	
			Measure Sample

Measuring unknowns manually (using Manual 6 or Single Cell Positioner)

1. With the dsDNA setup screen displayed, press Run Test.

dsDNA Test Name: dsDNA			9:42	30Apr02
ID#	Abs 26011m 	dsDNA µg∕mL		

- 2. Place the blank and unknown in the correct cell positions. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, you can place up to five samples in the cell holder.
- **3.** Press **Measure Blank** to measure the blank. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, it automatically moves to the B position to measure the blank. When it completes the measurement, it returns to its previous cell position.
- 4. Press **Measure Sample** to start the measurement. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, press the cell position buttons on the keypad to re-position the cell holder and measure the rest of the unknowns manually.

Oligos (calculated factor)

The Oligos (calculated factor) measurement calculates molecular weight, extinction coefficient and a conversion factor for a base sequence that you enter. This conversion factor is used to calculate the concentration of oligos in your sample from the absorbance measurement. Refer to Appendix B for a description of the parameters and Appendix C for the default values. To get started, with the BioMate Tests screen displayed, move the arrow keys to highlight **Nucleic Acid Tests** and press **ENTER**. A list of nucleic acid test appears. Move the arrow keys to highlight the desired test and press **ENTER**. The **Oligos (calc factor)** parameter screen appears.

Note: If **Cell Correction** is **ON**, you must run the **Setup Correction** program before you can access the **Run Test** or **Measure Samples** keys.

Oligos (ca	lc factor)	13:	02 28Mar02 BLANK
Test Name Wavelength Dilution M Sample Pos Number of	ultiplier itioner Samples	Oli (calculate	gos (calc) 260nm d) 1.000 Auto 6 1
More param Base Seque ATCGTCATTG Base Seque Number of	eters nce = AGCAGGTTCA nce Factor bases	CGTGTGCTA	29.45 29
Press † or Base Sequence	↓ to sele Save Test	ct item to Stored Tests	change. Run Test

Setting up test parameters

- 1. With the **Oligos (calc factor)** setup screen displayed, use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the parameter you want to set.
- When the parameters are set, you can press Save Test to save the test or Run Test to measure the blank and unknowns.

Measuring unknowns

Measuring unknowns automatically (using Auto 6 or Auto 3)

Olig Test	os (cal Name:	c factor) Dligos (ca	14: lc)	16 28Mar02 BLANK
ID#	Abs 260nm	Oligos µg∕mL	Oligos ₽M∕µL	
		Insert sami into posit	mple 1 tion 1	
	Pr	ess Enter 1	to measur	е

- 1. Place the blank and unknowns in the correct cell positions.
- 2. Press ENTER to start the measurements. The instrument automatically measures the blank first, then measures the unknowns and displays absorbance, oligo concentration in μg/mL and pmol/μL.

Olig Test	os (cale Name: :	c factor) 123	14:47 28Mar Cell #	
ID#	Abs 260nm	Oligos µg∕mL	01igos pM∕µL	
1	0.507	14.94	1.662	
Page	1, Samj	ele 1		
			Measu	ire

Measuring unknowns manually (using Manual 6 or Single Cell Positioner)

- 1. With the Oligos (calc factor) screen displayed, press Run Test.
- 2. Place the blank and unknown in the correct cell positions. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, you can place up to five samples in the cell holder.
- 3. Press **Measure Blank** to measure the blank. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, it automatically moves to the B position to measure the blank. When it completes the measurement, it returns to its previous cell position.
- 4. Press **Measure Sample** to start the measurement. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, press the cell position buttons on the keypad to re-position the cell holder and measure the rest of the unknowns manually.

Protein Measurements

Bradford (standard & micro), Lowry (standard & micro), BCA (standard & micro) and Biuret measurements

You can use these tests to determine the concentration of protein in a given sample, using the following analytical methods:

Bradford - measures absorbance at 595nm; determines concentration for either standard or micro sample concentrations.

Lowry - measures absorbance at 550nm for standard and 770nm for micro; determines concentration for either standard or micro sample concentrations.

Bicinchoninic Acid (BCA) - measures absorbance at 562nm; determines concentration for either standard or micro sample concentrations.

Biuret - measures absorbance at 540nm.

Several of these categories include multiple tests that are similar, so this section includes screen samples for the standard Bradford test only. For a complete list of all parameters for each test, refer to Appendix B; for a list of calculations used for the tests, refer to Appendix C.

To get started, with the BioMate Tests screen displayed, move the arrow keys to highlight **Protein Tests** and press **ENTER**. A list of protein tests appears. Move the arrow keys to highlight the desired test and press **ENTER**. The **Bradford-Standard** parameter screen appears.

Note: The following screens show the parameters for the Bradford-Standard test. All the other protein standard curve methods work in a similar fashion.

Bradford-Standard		16:4 	10 21 Cel	BMar02 1 # 1
Test Name Date Standards Meas Wavelength Curve Fit Number of Standards Units Sample Positioner Number of Samples More parameters	Bradfor ured Linear	rd-Sto Regr	2nd	Fault] 595nm Order Order 6 µg/mL Auto 6 1
Press ↑ or ↓ to sel Run Save Standards Test	ect ite Stor Tes	em to red ts	chai	nge.

Note: If **Cell Correction** is **ON**, you must run the **Setup Correction** program before you can access the **Run Test** or **Measure Samples** keys.

Setting up test parameters for a standard curve

- With the Bradford-Standard setup screen displayed, use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the parameter you want to set. Set the parameters for measuring the standards. Refer to the list of parameters in Appendix B for a description of the parameters and Appendix C for the default values.
- When the parameters are set, you can press Save Test to save the test or Run Standards to measure the blank and standards. The Standard Measurement screen appears.
- If you need to edit concentration values, use the arrow keys to select the standard you want to edit and press Edit Standards. From the Edit Standards window you can edit, add or delete one or all standards.

Std #	Conc. µg∕mL	Abs 595nm	
1	0.000		
2	200.0		
3	400.0		
4 5	800.0		
_			-

Measuring the standards for a standard curve

Measuring standards automatically (using Auto 6 or Auto 3)

- **1.** Place the blank and standards in the correct cell positions.
- 2. When all the standards are correct, press Measure Standards to set up and run the standards. The instrument automatically measures the blank first, then measures the standards. When the instrument has measured all the standards, the Standards screen appears, showing the absorbance of each

standards, along with the slope, intercept and correlation coefficient of the standard curve.

Bradf Test	ord-S Name:	tandard Bradfo	rd-	StdA	1	1 : 19 Ce	5 1Apr02 211 # 5
Std #	Con µg∕	с. mL	АЪ 66	s Onm			
1	25	0.0	Θ.	102			
2	55	0.0	Ŏ.	162			
3	100	0	0.	365			
4	125	0	0.	537			
Curve a0 = a1 =	Fit 3.364 -6.97	E-07 E-05	L	inea a2 Std	r Reg Dev	r 21 = =	nd Order 0.09845 0.000
Page	1, St	andards	1	- 4			
Vi	ew	Save		E	lit		Run
Gra	1ph	Test		Stan	dards	s	Test

Measuring standards automatically (using Auto 6 or Auto 3)

- **1.** Place the blank and standards in the correct cell positions.
- 2. When all the standards are correct, press **Measure Standards** to set up and run the standards.
- **3.** Press **Measure Blank** to measure the blank. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, it automatically moves to the B position to measure the blank. When it completes the measurement, it returns to its previous cell position.
- 4. Press **Measure Standards** to measure the standards. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, press the cell position buttons on the keypad to re-position the cell holder and measure the rest of the standards manually.

When the instrument has measured all the standards, the **Standards** screen appears, showing the absorbance of each standards, along with the slope, intercept and correlation coefficient of the standard curve.

You can use this screen to:

- Edit the standards (press Edit Standards)
- Display a graph of the standard curve data (press **View Graph**)
- Save the standard curve (press **Save Test**)
- Measure your samples (press Run Test)

Measuring protein samples

Measuring unknowns automatically (using Auto 6 or Auto 3)

- 1. With the **Standards** screen displayed, place the blank and unknowns in the correct cell positions.
- 2. Press ENTER to start the measurements. The instrument automatically measures the blank first, then measures the unknowns and displays the absorbance and concentration of each unknown.

Measuring unknowns manually (using Manual 6 or Single Cell Positioner)

- 1. With the Standards screen displayed, press Run Test.
- 2. Place the blank and unknown in the correct cell positions. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, you can place up to five samples in the cell holder.
- **3.** Press **Measure Blank** to measure the blank. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, it automatically moves to the B position to measure the blank. When it completes the measurement, it returns to its previous cell position.
- 4. Press **Measure Sample** to start the measurement. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, press the cell position buttons on the keypad to re-position the cell holder and measure the rest of the unknowns manually.

Direct UV (280) and Direct UV (205)

The Direct UV methods determine protein concentration based on absorbance at either 280 or 205nm. Refer to Appendix B for a description of the parameters and Appendix C for the default values.

To get started, move the arrow keys on the **BioMate tests** screen to highlight **Protein Tests** and press **ENTER**. Then the move the arrow keys to highlight **Direct UV (280)** and press **ENTER**. The **Direct UV (280)** parameter screen appears.

Note: The following screens show the parameters for the Direct UV tests at 280nm. For the Direct UV test at 205nm, the wavelength is set to 205nm.

Note: If **Cell Correction** is **ON**, you must run the **Setup Correction** program before you can access the **Run Test** or **Measure Samples** keys.

Direct UV	(280)	14:3	31 17Apr02 BLANK
Test Name Wavelength Factor Dilution Mu Units Sample Posi Number of S	Dire ultiplier itioner Samples	ect UV (280) (calculated	Default] 280nm 1.000 1) 1.000 mg/mL Auto 6 1
More parame	eters		
Press † or	↓ to_sele Save Test	ect item to Stored Tests	change. Run Test

Setting up test parameters

- 1. With the **Direct UV (280)** setup screen displayed, use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the parameter you want to set.
- 2. When the parameters are set, you can press **Save Test** to save the test or to measure the blank and unknowns.

Measuring the sample

Measuring unknowns automatically (using Auto 6 or Auto 3)

- 1. With the **Direct UV (280)** screen displayed, place the blank and unknowns in the correct cell positions.
- 2. Press **ENTER** to start the measurements. The instrument automatically measures the blank first, then measures the unknowns and displays the absorbance and concentration of each unknown.

Measuring unknowns manually (using Manual 6 or Single Cell Positioner)

- 1. With the Direct UV (280) screen displayed, press Run Test.
- Place the blank and unknown in the correct cell positions. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, you can place up to five samples in the cell holder.
- **3.** Press **Measure Blank** to measure the blank. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, it automatically moves to the B

position to measure the blank. When it completes the measurement, it returns to its previous cell position.

4. Press Measure Sample to start the measurement. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, press the cell position buttons on the keypad to re-position the cell holder and measure the rest of the unknowns manually.

Warburg-Christian

The Warburg-Christian analysis uses an absorbance difference measurement at 280 and 260nm to determine the protein concentration of an unknown. Refer to Appendix B for a description of the parameters and Appendix C for the default values.

To get started, move the arrow keys on the **BioMate tests** screen to highlight **Protein Tests** and press **ENTER**. Then the move the arrow keys to highlight **Warburg-Christian** and press **ENTER**. The **Warburg-Christian** parameter screen appears.

Warburg-Ch	ristian	13	:05 Ce	1Apr02
Test Name Wavelength Wavelength Factor (28 Factor (26 Dilution M Units Sample Pos Number of More param	Warbu 2 0) ultiplier itioner Samples eters	urgChreistia (calculate	nDa	280nm 260nm 1.55 0.76 1.000 C Auto 6 1
Press † or	↓ to_sele Save Test	ect item to Stored Tests	cha	ange. Run Iest

Note: If **Cell Correction** is **ON**, you must run the **Setup Correction** program before you can access the **Run Test** or **Measure Samples** keys.

Setting up test parameters

- 1. With the **Warburg-Christian** setup screen displayed, use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the parameter you want to set.
- When the parameters are set, you can press Save Test to save the test or Run Test to measure the blank and unknowns.

Measuring the sample

Measuring unknowns automatically (using Manual 6 or Single Cell Positioner)

- 1. With the Warburg-Christian screen displayed, place the blank and unknowns in the correct cell positions.
- 2. Press **ENTER** to start the measurements. The instrument automatically measures the blank first, then measures the unknowns and displays the absorbance and concentration of each unknown.

Measuring unknowns manually (using Manual 6 or Single Cell Positioner)

- 1. With the **Warburg-Christian** screen displayed, press Run Test.
- Place the blank and unknown in the correct cell positions. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, you can place up to five samples in the cell holder.
- 3. Press Measure Blank to measure the blank. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, it automatically moves to the B position to measure the blank. When it completes the measurement, it returns to its previous cell position.
- 4. Press Measure Sample to start the measurement. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, press the cell position buttons on the keypad to re-position the cell holder and measure the rest of the unknowns manually.
- **5.** When the instrument has measured all the unknowns, it displays the absorbance and concentration.

Cell Growth

The cell growth measurement uses absorbance at 600nm to indicate the progress of cell growth in a sample. The instrument does not perform any calculations or graphing for the data.

To get started, move the arrow keys on the **BioMate Tests** screen to highlight **Cell Growth** and press **ENTER**. The **Cell Growth** setup screen appears.



Note: If Cell Correction is ON, you must run the Setup Correction program before you can access the Run Test or Measure Samples keys.

Setting up test parameters

- 1. With the **Cell Growth** setup screen displayed, use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the parameter you want to set.
- When the parameters are set, you can press Save Test to save the test or Run Test to measure the blank and unknowns.

Measuring the sample

Measuring unknowns automatically (using Auto 6 or Auto 3)

- 1. With the **Cell Growth** measurement screen displayed, place the blank and unknowns in the correct cell positions.
- 2. Press ENTER to start the measurements. The instrument automatically measures the blank first, then measures the unknowns and displays the absorbance of each unknown

Measuring unknowns manually (using Manual 6 or Single Cell Positioner)

- 1. With the **Cell Growth** measurement screen displayed, press **Run Test**.
- 2. Place the blank and unknown in the correct cell positions. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, you can place up to five samples in the cell holder.
- **3.** Press **Measure Blank** to measure the blank. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, it automatically moves to the B position to measure the blank. When it

Using "Biotests" Software

completes the measurement, it returns to its previous cell position.

- 4. Press Measure Sample to start the measurement. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, press the cell position buttons on the keypad to re-position the cell holder and measure the rest of the unknowns manually.
- **5.** When the instrument has measured all the unknowns, it displays the absorbance and concentration.

Oligo Calculator

The oligonucleotide calculator determines the following data for a base sequence that you enter:

- Number of bases
- Percent GC content
- Molecular weight
- Absorptivity (ε)
- Conversion factor to convert nucleotide absorbance to concentration
- Tm for oligos of up to 20 bases
- Tm for oligos of up to 40 bases for DNA-DNA, DNA-RNA and RNA-RNA hybrids

Refer to Appendix B for a description of the parameters and Appendix C for the default values.

To get started, move the arrow keys on the **BioMate Tests** screen to highlight **Oligo Calculator** and press **ENTER**. The **Oligos** screen appears.

Oligos 9:09 2Apr02 Base Sequence = Number of bases = XGC = Mol. Wt. = (C260) = Conversion Factor =

Using the oligo calculator

- With the Oligos screen displayed, press Base Sequence. The Base Sequence identification screen appears.
- Use the arrow keys to select the appropriate character for the base you want to enter. Press Add Base to add the base to the sequence.
- When the base sequence is correct, press Accept Sequence to accept it. The instrument calculates and displays the results

Oligos	9:19	2Apr02
Base Sequence = CCATGTCGTTCTCAAACAGT Number of bases %GC Mol. Wt. €(260) Conversion Factor	= 20 = 45.00 = 6121 = 204730 = 29.90	
Base Tm Sequence Calc		

4. To determine the theoretical Tm of the sequence, press Tm Calc. The Tm calculation screen appears.



 Enter the % formamide and % mismatch (if known) that will be used to calculate the Tm. The calculated Tm values are shown on the screen.

General information

Editing and Loading Saved Tests

When you save a test, it is stored in the Utility Test Directory. Within this directory, these tests can be loaded, deleted or locked/unlocked.

To load, delete or lock/unlock tests:

- 1. Press the UTILITY key on the keyboard. The Utility screen appears.
- 2. Using the arrow keys, highlight Stored Tests Directory and press ENTER. A list of all the stored tests appears.

Utility Te	st Directo	ry 11:52	25Feb01
Standard Cu	irve		
ABC			25Feb01
JEAN			25Feb01
TEST14	ength		25Feb01
Press † or	↓ to sele	ct_test.	
Select	Lock	Delete	Load
	UNIOCK	ICSU	1636

- **3.** To load a test, use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the test you want to recall and press **ENTER**. The test will be loaded and the parameters for the selected test appear on the screen.
- 4. To lock or unlock a test, use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the test you want to lock or unlock and press Lock/Unlock. Enter the password (found on page iii of this manual) and press ENTER. The test is either locked or unlocked.
- 5. To delete a test, use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the test you want to delete. Press **ENTER**. The test is deleted.

Specifying names for tests

When you save tests, you need to specify the name you want to use for the file. The spectrophotometer does not have a full keypad, so you need to select the characters for the filename from a character list.

 After setting up the values for the test parameters, press Save Test. The Create Test Name screen appears.



You can use this screen to:

- Delete the name of a test
- Delete a character in the name of a test
- Add a character to the name of a test
- Accept the name of a test
- 2. Use the arrow keys to highlight the first character you want to use for the name of your test and press Add Character to add the selected character to the name.
- **3.** Continue selecting and adding characters until you have selected all the characters for the name.
- 4. Press Accept Name to accept the name and return to the previous screen. The name of the test appears at the top of the screen showing the test parameters.

Specifying concentration units

When you run concentration tests, you need to specify the units you want to use when reporting concentrations. The spectrophotometer includes a set of basic concentration units and you can also enter custom units if you wish.

All programs in the spectrophotometer use the same list of basic units:

- Concentration
 mg/mL
- ppm μg/L
- ppb M/L
- g/L mM/L
- mg/L IU

In addition to these units, you can create your own custom unit, using a character list like the one described in **Specifying names for tests.** Once

you create a custom unit, it will appear in the list that you use to select the units.

To select the units

- 1. Highlight the **Units** parameter on the screen and press **ENTER**.
- 2. Use the arrow keys to highlight the unit you want to select and press **ENTER**.



To create custom units

In addition to the basic concentration units, you can create one other custom concentration unit and add it to the list.

1. With the list of basic units displayed, use the arrow keys to highlight [Unit] and press ENTER.

OR

Press **Edit [Unit]** on a test set-up screen for a test with units.

The character list appears. You can use this screen to:

- Delete the name of a unit
- Delete a character in the name of a unit
- Add a character to the name of a unit
- Accept the name of a unit



- 2. Use the arrow keys to highlight the first character you want to use for the name of your custom unit and press Add Character to add the selected character to the name.
- **3.** Continue selecting and adding characters until you have selected all the characters for the name.
- Press Accept Name to accept the name and return to the previous screen. The name of the new custom unit appears on the list of basic units.

Using the SmartStart feature

The SmartStart feature enables you to select the test methods you use most frequently and have them appear when you start up your instrument. If your laboratory runs only a single test, you can use the SmartStart feature to select it and it will appear each time you start up your instrument. Similarly, if you have a set of tests you run, you can use SmartStart to select them so the list appears when you start up the instrument.

Setting up a single-test SmartStart

- 1. Press the **UTILITY** key on the keypad to display the **Utility** screen.
- 2. Highlight the Stored Tests Directory and press ENTER. A list of all the tests on the instrument appears on the screen.
- **3.** Scroll down through the list until the appropriate test is highlighted.
- 4. When the appropriate test is highlighted, press Select Test to add the selected test to the SmartStart menu. An arrow sign ">" will indicate the test has been selected.
- 5. Press Load Test.

- **6.** The parameter screen of the test you selected will be displayed.
- **Note:** At this point, you can power down the instrument and then power it back up. When it starts up again, the parameter screen for the selected test will be displayed.

Setting up a multiple-test SmartStart

- 1. Press the **UTILITY** key on the keypad to display the **Utility** screen.
- 2. Highlight the Stored Tests Directory and press ENTER. A list of all the tests on the instrument appears on the screen.
- **3.** Scroll down through the list until the first appropriate test is highlighted.
- 4. Press **Select Tests** to add the selected test to the SmartStart menu.
- **5.** Continue scrolling through the list and adding tests until you've made all the appropriate selections.
- 6. Press ESC until you return to the Tests screen.
- **Note:** At this point, you can power down the instrument and then power it back up. When it starts up again, the list of tests you've selected will be displayed.

Running the cell correction program

- Note: The Cell Correction program is not active in the Main (Basic Absorbance/%T/Basic Concentration) screen.
- Note: The Cell Correction feature is active only when the 6-Position Sample Holder is set to either Auto 6 or Auto 3. The feature is not active when the cell holder is set to 1-Cell Platform or Manual 6, nor when the Single Cell Holder is installed.

Every test setup screen provides access to the cell correction program. Before running the cell correction program:

• Clean the inside and outside of all the cells to be matched.

- Fill the cells with distilled water (or other blank solution), and place them in the sample compartment (see "Selecting and positioning glassware" in the preceding section). Be sure to place the blank cuvette in Cell "B" of the sample compartment.
 - **TIP:** If one cell has lower absorbance than the others, make it the blank.

To run the Cell Correction program:

1. Press the **TEST** key on the keypad. When the **Test Types** screen appears, highlight the test you want to run and press **ENTER**.

Test Type	s	10:29	29May02		
Advanced A=21-C Standard Curve Absorbance Ratio Absorbance Difference Kinetics Survey Scan 3-Point Net					
Multiwavelength Performance Validation					
Press † o	r ↓ to sele	ct			
	BioMate	Stored	Basic		
(lests	Iests	HIC		

2. Highlight Cell Correction and press ENTER.



The Cell Correction function is now activated, as indicated by the word **On** across from **Cell Correction** on the test setup screen.

Advanced A-%T-C	1:59pm_20Jan01 BLANK
Cell Correction Setup Correction ID# (0=OFF) Low/High Limits Statistics	0n 1 -9999/9999 Off
More parameters	
Press † or ↓ to sele Save Test	ct item to change. Stored Tests

- **Note:** When Cell Correction is activated, additional parameter lines are added to the screen above the **Cell Correction** line. If the **Cell Correction** line is no longer visible on the screen, highlight **More parameters...** and press **ENTER**.
- 3. Highlight Set Up Correction and press ENTER. The Cell Correction screen appears.
- 4. Highlight Correction Mode and press ENTER to set the mode to either:
 - Scan Cell Correction is run on a blank and one sample cell for the range of wavelengths you specify in Scanning mode.
 - **Discrete nms** The Cell Correction program is run on a blank and up to five sample cells for up to 31 user-specified, discrete wavelengths.

Cell Correction	4:35am 21Jan01 BLANK
Correction Mode Date Corrected Sample Positioner Number of Matched Cuve	Discrete nms Auto 6 ettes 1
<u>Press \uparrow or \downarrow to selection</u>	t item to change.
Set nms	Run Corr .

 If you selected Scan mode in the preceding step, press Run Corr. to start the Cell Correction program. If you selected Discrete nms mode, first specify the wavelengths using the procedures which follow, and then the Cell Correction program.

The Cell Correction program will measure the other cells against the blank and will record, store and date the measurements. From these measurements the Cell Correction program establishes the required correction factors, which then are automatically applied during all subsequent tests (if Cell Correction is activated).

Specifying wavelengths for Discrete nms mode:

- Highlight Sample Positioner and press ENTER to set this parameter to either Auto 3 (when using three, large cell holders) or Auto 6 (when using six, small cell holders).
- 2. Highlight Number of Matched Cuvettes and press ENTER. Then use the keypad to specify the number of cells you are matching. Press ENTER.

(Call Commontion	2:12mm 24 Inp01
	BLANK
Correction Mode	Discrete ums
Date Corrected	
Sample Positioner	Auto 6
Number of Matched Cuve	ettes 1
lr	
Entry:	
Entry: Enter Number of Samp	oles (1 - 5)
Entry: Enter Number of Samp	oles (1 - 5)
Entry: Enter Number of Samp	oles (1 - 5)

3. Press **Set nms** to select the wavelengths for which the Cell Correction program will be run. A list of wavelengths appears.

Advanced A-%T-C	1:59pm 20Jan01 BLANK
Cell Correction Setup Correction	0n 1
Low/High Limits Statistics	9999<9999- 9ff
More parameters	
Press f or 1 to sele	ect item to change.
Test	Tests
	lests
- **Note:** Cells should be matched at all analytical wavelengths because matching at one wavelength does not guarantee matching at others.
- **4.** Use the arrow keys to highlight the position where you want to enter the first wavelength.
- 5. Press Add nm.
- 6. Enter the value for the wavelength and press **ENTER**.
- **7.** Continue until you have entered all the wavelengths.

After all the wavelengths have been entered, press **Run Corr.** to start the Cell Correction program. The Cell Correction program will measure the other cells against the blank and will record, store and date the measurements. From these measurements the Cell Correction program establishes the required correction factors, which then are automatically applied during all subsequent tests (if Cell Correction is activated).

Taking measurements

The spectrophotometer lets you use different cell holders and cell holder accessories to take measurements. When you set up your test parameters, you will select the type of measurement you want to use and indicate how many samples you have. You can choose from the following options:

- Auto 6 You can take one blank measurement and up to five sample measurements without changing the samples in the cell holder. The instrument automatically measures the blank (in the blank position), then automatically advances the cell holder to the appropriate position for the next measurement. This option is available only with the 6-Position Cell Holder.
- Auto 3 You can take up to three measurements without changing the samples in the cell holder. The instrument automatically measures the blank (in the blank position), then automatically advances the cell holder to the appropriate position for the next measurement. This option is available only with the 6-Position Cell Holder.
- Single Cell Platform You place the blank in the cell holder, measure it, place a sample in the cell holder, then measure your sample. This process is completely manual. In fact, the

cell position buttons on the keypad do not function when you select Single Cell Platform even if you have a 6-Position Cell Holder installed in the sample compartment.

- **Manual 6** You can take up to six measurements without changing the samples in the cell holder, using the cell position buttons on the keypad to advance the cell holder to the appropriate position for the next measurement. You place the blank in the blank position and your samples in the other cell positions. Regardless of where the cell holder is positioned, when you press Measure Blank the cell holder automatically goes to the blank position and measures the blank. However, you can use the cell position buttons to select a different position for the measurement. This option is available only with the 6-Position Cell Holder .
- **Note:** When you have the 6-Position Cell Holder installed, the instrument always considers the material in the B position as a blank. This means that even after measuring your blank the first time, you can place unknowns only in positions 1 through 5.

The two automatic measurements (Auto 6 and Auto 3) are available only for instruments with the 6-Position Cell Holder. However, if you have one of these models, you can also choose to take measurements manually. Each test section later in this chapter includes specific instructions on how to take measurements automatically and manually.

Saving tests

When you power-down the instrument, the current test is maintained by battery back-up. This means that when you turn the instrument on again, the cell holder alignment and values for all parameters will be the same as they were when the instrument was last used. When you load a test that has been saved, the values for all parameters stored with that test will replace the current values for the test parameters.

As you create customized tests and collect data, you will be saving tests for later use. The spectrophotometer uses test files to contain the values for all the parameters needed to run a test, including the alignment of the cell holder and the other parameters for the accessories installed. Once you select the values for the parameters, you can assign a test name and save the test. You can then restore the test and run it without having to set up the parameters again.

Basic Absorbance/%T measurements

The Absorbance/%Transmittance (%T) program takes measurements and displays them as either absorbance or %T. For each measurement taken, the absorbance (or %T) appear on the screen, along with the type of measurement, the date and time, the wavelength and the cell position used for the measurement. All the steps for taking measurements in the two modes are the same - the only difference will be the units used to display the results.

When you use the Basic Absorbance/%T program, you can perform these tasks:

- · Set the wavelength
- Measure a blank
- Measure unknowns

If you want to work with %T instead of absorbance, simply press **Change Mode** until you see the %T mode. You can switch from one mode to another whenever you see the **Change Mode** function key.



Setting the wavelength

1. Press **Set nm** or any number key to set the wavelength.



2. Enter the wavelength where you want the measurements taken, then press **Set nm** again.

Measuring a blank

- 1. Place the blank in the cell holder. If your instrument has a 6-Position Cell Holder, be sure to place the blank in the B position.
- 2. If you want to enter an absorbance or transmittance value for the blank, press a number key and enter the concentration in the **Entry** field.
- 3. Press Measure Blank to measure the blank. When the instrument is finished measuring the absorbance of the blank, the message disappears.

Measuring unknowns

 If your instrument is equipped with the 6-Position Cell Holder, place the unknown you want to measure in one of the cell positions and press the corresponding cell position button on the keypad to move the cell holder to the measuring position. The absorbance (ABS) or %transmittance (%T) measurement appears on the display.

If your instrument is equipped with the Single Cell Holder Platform, remove the blank and place the unknown in the cell holder. The absorbance or %transmittance measurement appears on the display.

Basic Concentration measurements

Measuring concentration is similar to measuring absorbance or %T and you use the **Change Mode** function key to switch to concentration measurements. The spectrophotometer allows you to measure concentration using either a factor or a standard to convert absorbance readings to concentration units.

- When you use a factor, you need to specify the factor and the concentration units.
- When you use a standard, you need to specify the concentration of the standard and measure its absorbance.

When you use the Basic Concentration program, you can perform these tasks:

- Set the wavelength
- Measure a blank
- Measure a standard **OR** enter a factor
- Measure unknowns

The steps for taking measurements in the two modes are similar - the only difference will be whether you measure a standard or enter a factor.

Setting the wavelength & mode

- 1. Press **Set nm** or any number key to set the wavelength.
- 2. Enter the wavelength where you want the measurements taken, then press Set nm again.
- **3.** Press **Change Mode** until the appropriate measurement mode (Concentration with Standard or Concentration with Factor) appears.

Measuring a blank

- 1. Place the blank in the cell holder. If your instrument has a 6-Position Cell Holder, be sure to place the blank in the B position.
- 2. If you want to enter a concentration for the blank, press a number key and enter the concentration in the **Entry** field.
- **3.** Press **Measure Blank** to measure the blank. When the instrument is finished measuring the absorbance of the blank, the message disappears.

Measuring a standard

1. If necessary, press Change Mode to switch to the Concentration with Standard mode.



 If your instrument is equipped with the 6-Position Cell Holder, place the standard in one of the cell positions and press the corresponding cell position key on the keypad.

If your instrument is equipped with the Single Cell Holder Platform, remove the blank and place the standard in the cell holder.

- **3.** Press **Units/Standard** to set the units and measure the standard.
- 4. Enter Conc, use the number keys to enter the concentration value of the standard and then press ENTER.
- 5. Press Select Units, use the arrow keys to highlight the entry in the Units field and then press ENTER to select the units for the concentration.



6. Press Measure Standard to measure the standard. When the instrument is finished measuring the absorbance of the standard, it displays the absorbance and calculated factor.

Entering a factor

- 1. If necessary, press Change Mode to switch to the Concentration with Factor mode.
- 2. Press **Units/Factor** to set the factor and select the units.

Conc with Factor	15:29 6Mar01 BLANK
Factor	45
Units	С
Press † or ↓ to sele	ct item to change.
Enter Factor	Select Units

- Use the arrow keys to highlight the entry in the Factor field and press Enter Factor to enter the factor.
- 4. Use the number keys to enter the factor.
- 5. Press Enter Factor to accept the factor and return to the screen displaying the factor and units. The factor you just entered appears on the display.

Conc/Facto Factor=4	5	1	7:37 1Apr01 BLANK		
17.77ppm 660nm					
Measure Blank	Units/ Factor	Set nm	Change Mode		

6. Press ESC to return to the Concentration with Factor screen.

Measuring unknowns

 If your instrument is equipped with the 6-Position Cell Holder, place the unknown you want to measure in one of the cell positions and press the corresponding cell position button on the keypad to move the cell holder to the measuring position. The measurement appears on the display.

If your instrument is equipped with the Single Cell Holder Platform, remove the blank and place the unknown in the cell holder. The measurement appears on the display.

Advanced A/%T/C - Absorbance & % %Transmittance measurements

When you use the Advanced A/%T/C program for absorbance or %transmittance measurements, you can perform these tasks:

- Select the measurement mode you want to use (Absorbance or %Transmittance)
- Run Cell Correction program
- Recall a test OR set up your test parameters
- Measure a blank
- Measure unknowns

To get started, press the **TEST** key on the keypad. When the **Test Types** screen appears, highlight **Advanced A/%T/C** and press **ENTER**.

Advanced A	-× T −C	11:	58 11Feb01 BLANK
Test Name Measuremen Wavelength Delay Time Sample Pos Number of S	t Mode (min:sec) itioner Samples	1	Absorbance 546nm 0:00 Auto 6 1
More parame	eters		
Press † or	↓ to sele	ct_item_to	change.
	Save	Stored	Kun

Recalling a test

- With the Advanced A/%T/C screen displayed, press Stored Tests. A list of stored tests appears.
- Use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the test you want to recall and press ENTER. The parameters for the selected test appear on the screen.

From this screen, you can:

- Set up test parameters
- Run Cell Correction program
- Save a test
- View the list of stored tests
- Measure a blank and unknowns

Setting up test parameters

 With the Advanced A/%T/C screen displayed, use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the parameter you want to set.

Some parameters appear only if you select one of the concentration modes, while others appear regardless of the measurement mode you select. A complete list of the parameters are located in Appendix B.

 When the parameters are set, you can press Save Test to save the test or Measure Sample to measure a blank or unknowns.

Taking measurements

Advan Test	nced A Name:	-%T−C ABCDE	12:	47 11Feb01 Cell # 5
ID#	Abs 660m	m		
1 2 3 4	0.12 0.08 0.24 0.28	9 2 7 7		
5	0.14	9		
Page Press	1 of : t or	2, Samples ↓ to view	1 - 5 data	
				Measure Samples

Taking measurements automatically (using Auto 6 or Auto 3)

- With the Advanced A/%T/C screen displayed and the parameters set, press Run Sample. The Advanced A/%T/C measurement screen appears.
- **2.** Place the blank and the unknowns in the correct cell positions.
- 3. Press Measure Sample to measure the unknowns. The instrument automatically measures the blank first, then measures the unknowns and displays the sample measurements on the screen.

Taking measurements manually (using Manual 6 or Single Cell Platform)

- With the Advanced A/%T/C screen displayed and the parameters set, press Measure Sample. The Advanced A/%T/C measurement screen appears, prompting you to place your samples in the cell holder.
- 2. Place the blank and unknowns in the cell holder. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, be sure to place the blank in the B position. You can place up to five samples in the cell holder.
- **3.** Press **Measure Blank** to measure the blank. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, it automatically moves to the B position to measure the blank. When it completes the measurement, it returns to its previous cell position.
- 4. Press **Measure Sample** to measure the unknowns. The sample measurement appears on the screen. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, press the cell position buttons on the keypad to reposition the cell holder and measure the rest of the unknowns manually.

Advanced A/%T/C - Concentration measurements

When you use the Advanced A/%T/C program for concentration measurements, you can perform these tasks:

- Select the measurement mode you want to use (concentration with one standard or concentration with a factor)
- Recall a test **OR** set up your test parameters
- Measure a standard OR enter a factor (only if you select either concentration with one standard or concentration with a factor)
- Measure a blank and unknowns

To get started, press the **TEST** key on the keypad. When the **Test Types** screen appears, highlight **Advanced A/%T/C** and press **ENTER**.

Advanced A-%T-C	10:08am_21Jan01 BLANK
Test Name	AAA
Measurement Mode	Conc/Std
Wavelength	546nm
Delay Time (min:sec)	0:00
Conc of Standard	100
Factor	877.1
Units	
Sample Positioner	Auto 6
Number of Samples	4
Press † or ↓ to select	item to change.
Run Save	Stored Run
Standard Test	Tests Test

Recalling a test

- With the Advanced A/%T/C screen displayed, press Stored Tests. A list of stored tests appears.
- Use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the test you want to recall and press ENTER. The parameters for the selected test appear on the screen.

Setting up test parameters

 With the Advanced A/%T/C screen displayed, use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the parameter you want to set.

Some parameters appear only if you select one of the concentration modes, while others appear regardless of the measurement mode you select. A complete list of the parameters are located in Appendix B.

 When the parameters are set, you can press Save Test to save the test or Run Test or Run Standard to measure a standard.

Measuring a standard

Measuring a standard automatically (using Auto 6 or Auto 3)

 With the Advanced A/%T/C screen displayed and the Measurement Mode set to Conc/Std, press Run Standard. The Measure Standard screen appears.



- 2. Use the number keys to enter the concentration value of the standard and press **ENTER**.
- 3 Press Measure Standard.
- **4.** Place the blank and standard in the correct cell positions.
- 5. Press **ENTER** to measure the blank and the standard. The instrument automatically measures the blank first, then measures the unknowns and displays the absorbance and calculated factor.

Measuring a standard manually (using Manual 6 or Single Cell Platform)

Advanced A Test Name:	-× T -C		10:35 7Mar01 BLANK
Conc . C	Abs 660nm 	Factor calculated	1
			8
Entry:	numbon	(0.001 to 9	2999.1

- With the Advanced A/%T/C screen displayed and the Measurement Mode set to Conc/Std, press Run Standard. The Measure Standard screen appears.
- 2. Use the number keys to enter the concentration value of the standard and press **ENTER**.
- **3.** Place the blank and standard in the correct cell positions.

- 4. Press **Measure Blank** to measure the blank. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, it automatically moves to the B position to measure the blank. When it completes the measurement, it returns to its previous cell position.
- 5. Press **Measure Standard** to measure the standard. When the instrument is finished measuring the absorbance of the standard, it displays the absorbance and calculated factor.

Entering a factor

- With the Advanced A/%T/C screen displayed and the Measurement Mode set to Conc/Factor, use the arrow keys to highlight Factor.
- **2.** If you need to change the factor, use the number keys to enter the correct factor.
- **3.** If you need to change the units, use the arrow keys to highlight **Units** and select the correct units.

Measuring unknowns

Measuring unknowns automatically (using Auto 6 or Auto 3)

- With the Advanced A/%T/C screen displayed and the Measurement Mode set to Conc/Std or Conc/Factor, press Run Test. The Advanced A/%T/C measurement screen appears, prompting you to place your samples in the cell holder.
- 2. Place the blank and unknowns in the correct cell positions. Press ENTER. The instrument automatically measures the blank first, then measures the unknowns and displays the sample measurements on the screen.
- 3. Press Measure Sample to measure additional unknowns.

Measuring unknowns manually (using Manual 6 or Single Cell Platform)

- With the Advanced A/%T/C screen displayed and the Measurement Mode set to Conc/Std or Conc/Factor, press Run Test. The Advanced A/%T/C measurement screen appears.
- **2.** Place the blank and unknown in the correct cell position. If your instrument is equipped with a

6-Position Cell Holder, you can place up to five samples in the cell holder.

- **3.** Press **Measure Blank** to measure the blank. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, it automatically moves to the B position to measure the blank. When it completes the measurement, it returns to its previous cell position.
- 4. Press **Measure Sample** to start the measurement. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, press the cell position buttons on the keypad to reposition the cell holder and measure the rest of the unknowns manually.

Standard Curve

When you use the Standard Curve program, you can perform these tasks:

- Recall a standard curve OR create a standard curve (set up the parameters and then measure the standards for the curve)
- Run the Cell Correction program (BioMate 3 UVscanning model only)
- Measure unknowns
- View the data select between graphical and tabular displays
- Edit a standard curve change the number of standards, select a different curve fit or delete points from the curve

To get started, press the **TEST** key on the keypad. When the **Test Types** screen appears, highlight **Standard Curve** and press **ENTER**. The **Standard Curve** screen appears.

Standard Curve	8:34am 21Jan01 Cell # 2
Test Name Date Standards Measured Wavelength Ref. Wavelength Correcti Curve Fit Number of Standards Units Sample Positioner Number of Samples More parameters	546nm Off Linear C Auto 6 1
Press ↑ or ↓ to select i Run Save St Standards Test T	tem to change. cored ests

Recalling a standard curve

- 1. Press **Stored Tests** to display a list of stored tests.
- 2. Highlight the standard curve you want to recall.
- **3.** Press **ENTER** to load the selected standard curve.

Setting the parameters for a standard curve

- **1.** Place the standards in the correct cell positions.
- 2. Set the parameters for measuring the standards. Refer to the list of parameters in Appendix B for a description of each.
 - Enter the Test Name, Wavelength, Reference Wavelength Correction and Reference Wavelength.
 - Select the Curve Fit, Units and Sample Positioner.
 - Set the Number of Standards and Number of Samples.
 - Enter the low and high limits.
 - Select the settings for the Statistics and AutoPrint functions.
 - Run the Cell Correction program

Measuring the standards for a standard curve

Measuring standards automatically (using Auto 6 or Auto 3)

- **1.** Place the blank and standards in the correct cell positions.
- 2. When all the parameters are correct, press **Run Standards** to set up and run the standards.

Stand Test	lard Curve Name: ABC		10:39 7Mar01 BLANK
Std #	Conc. mg/L	Abs 630nm	
1 2 3 4	50.00 75.00		
Ent Ent	ry: er a number	• (0.001 to	9999)

- 3. Enter the concentration value into the **Entry** concentration field and press **ENTER**. When you've entered all the concentration values, the **Standards** screen appears.
- 4. Press Measure Standards to measure the blank and standards. The instrument automatically measures the blank first, then measures the standards. When the instrument has measured all the standards, the Standards screen appears, showing the absorbance of each standard, along with the slope, intercept and correlation coefficient of the standard curve.

Measuring standards manually (using Manual 6 or Single Cell Platform)

- 1. Place the blank and standards in the correct cell positions.
- 2. When all the parameters are correct, press **Run Standards** to set up and run the standards.
- 3. Enter the concentration value into the Entry concentration field. Press ENTER
- **4.** When you have entered all the concentration values, the **Standards** screen appears.



- 5. Press **Measure Blank** to measure the blank. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, it automatically moves to the B position to measure the blank. When it completes the measurement, it returns to its previous cell position.
- 6. Press Measure Standards to measure the standards. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, press the cell position buttons on the keypad to re-position the cell

holder and measure the rest of the standards manually.

When the instrument has measured all the standards, the **Standards** screen appears, showing the absorbance of each standard, along with the slope, intercept and correlation coefficient of the standard curve.

Standard Curve	11:31am 21Jan01
Test Name: STAN	IDARDCURVE
Std Conc. # mg/L 1 25.00 2 45.00 3 55.00 4 75.00 5 100.0	Bdit ConcentrationAdd StandardDeleteClear MeasurementsReset StandardsPress 1 or 1 to selectPress ENTER
Curve Fit	Linear
Slope = 0.	002877 Std Dev = 0.017
Intercept = 0.	002364 Corr Coeff = 0.985
Page 1 of 0, St	andards 1 - 5
Press \uparrow or \downarrow to	o view data

You can use this screen to:

- Edit the standards press (Edit Standards)
- Display a graph of the standard curve data (press **View Graph**)
- Save the standard curve (press **Save Test**)
- Measure your samples (press **Run Test**)

If you want to switch between tabular and graphical displays, press **View Graph/Tabular**.



Measuring unknowns

Measuring unknowns automatically (using Auto 6 or Auto 3)

1. With the **Standards** screen displayed, press **Run Test**. The **Samples** screen appears.

- **2.** Place the blank and unknowns in the correct cell positions.
- 3. Press ENTER to measure. The instrument automatically measures the blank first, then measures the unknowns. When the instrument has measured all the unknowns, the Standard Curve screen appears, showing the absorbance and concentration of each unknown.

Measuring unknowns manually (using Manual 6 or Single Cell Platform)

- 1. With the Standards screen displayed, press **Run Test**. The **Samples** screen appears.
- **2.** Place the blank and unknowns in the correct cell positions.
- 3. Press **Measure Blank** to measure the blank. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, it automatically moves to the B position to measure the blank. When it completes the measurement, it returns to its previous cell position.
- 4. Press **Measure Samples** to measure the unknowns. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, press the cell position buttons on the keypad to re-position the cell holder and measure the rest of the unknowns manually. When the instrument has measured all the unknowns, the Standards screen appears, showing the absorbance and concentration of each unknown.

Editing a standard curve

You may edit the concentration of any standard on a standard curve. In addition, you may change the number of standards, select a different curve fit or delete points from the curve.

Standa	rd Curve	11:31am 21Jan01
Test N	lame: STAN	IDARDCURVE
Std	Conc.	Edit Concentration
#	mg/L	Add Standard
	25.00	Delete
2	45.00	Clear Measurements
3	55.00	Reset Standards
4	75.00	Press ↑ or ↓ to select
5	100.0	Press ENTER
Curve	Fit	Linear
Slope	= 0.	002877 Std Dev = 0.017
Intero	:ept = 0.	002364 Corr Coeff = 0.985
Page 1	. of 0, St	andards 1 - 5
Press	↑ or ↓ to	o view data

To edit the concentration of a standard

- With the standard curve displayed on your screen, use the arrow keys to highlight the standard you want to edit. Press Edit Standards.
- 2. With the Edit Concentration highlighted, Press ENTER.
- 3. Press Edit Conc or a number key.
- 4. Enter the concentration value in the **Entry** field.
- 5. When the concentration value is correct, press **ENTER** to accept the value.
- To add a standard
- 1. With the standard curve displayed on your screen, press Edit Standards.
- 2. Use the arrow keys to highlight Add Standard.
- **3.** Enter the concentration value of the additional standard in the **Entry** field.
- 4. When the concentration value is correct, press **ENTER** to accept the value.
- 5. Press **Measure Standards** to remeasure all the standards.
- To delete a standard
- With the standard curve displayed on your screen, use the arrow keys to highlight the standard you want to delete. Press Edit Standards.
- 2. Use the arrow keys to highlight **Delete Standard**. Press **ENTER** to delete the standard.
- To clear measurements
- 1. With the standard curve displayed on your screen, press Edit Standards.
- 2. Use the arrow keys to highlight Clear Measurements and press ENTER. All the absorbance measurements will be removed from the screen.
- To reset standards
- With the standard curve displayed on your screen, press Reset Standards and press ENTER.
- Use the arrow keys to highlight Reset Standards and press ENTER. All the standards and measurements will be removed.

To select a different curve fit for a standard curve

- **Note:** To change the curve fit for a standard curve, you must display the standard curve as a graph, not as a table.
- 1. With the standard curve you want to edit displayed as a graph on your screen, press Change Fit.



2. Use the arrow keys to highlight the curve fit you want to use for the standard curve and press **ENTER**. The instrument applies the selected curve fit to the data and displays the new graph.

Absorbance Ratio

When you use the Absorbance Ratio program, you can perform these tasks:

- Recall a test OR set up your test parameters
- Run the Cell Correction program
- Measure a blank
- Measure unknowns

To get started, press the **TEST** key on the keypad. When the **Test Types** screen appears, highlight **Absorbance Ratio** and press **ENTER**.

Recalling a test

Absorbance Ratio	2:04pm 21Jan01 Cell # 5
Test Name Wavelength 1 Wavelength 2 Ref. Wavelength Correctio Sample Positioner Number of Samples	546nm 546nm Off Auto 6 1
More parameters	
Press ↑ or ↓ to select it Save Sto Test Test	em to change. pred Run sts Test

- 1. With the Absorbance Ratio screen displayed, press Stored Tests. A list of stored tests appears.
- Use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the test you want to recall and press ENTER. The parameters for the selected test appear on the screen.

From this screen, you can:

- Set up test parameters
- Run the Cell Correction program
- Save a test
- View the list of stored tests
- Measure a blank
- Measure unknowns

Setting up test parameters

- With the Absorbance Ratio screen displayed, use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the parameter you want to set.
- When the parameters are set, you can press Save Test to save the test or Run Test to measure a blank or unknowns.

Measuring unknowns

Measuring unknowns automatically (using Auto 6 or Auto 3)

Abso Test	rbance Name:	Ratio		10:49 Bl	5 7Mar01 ANK
ID#	Abs 260nm	Abs 280nm	Abs Ref.WL	Result	:
					1
		insert s into pos	samples sitions	1 - 4 1 - 4	
	Pr	ess ENI	[ER to m	easure	

- 1. Place the blank and unknowns in the correct cell positions.
- 2. Press ENTER to start the measurement. The instrument automatically measures the blank first, then measures the unknowns and displays the sample measurements on the screen.

Measuring unknowns manually (using Manual 6 or Single Cell Platform)

1. With the Absorbance Ratio screen displayed, press Run Test.

Absorbance Ratio Test Name:		atio 	2:41pm 21Jan01 BLANK
ID#	Abs 260nm	Abs 280nm	Result
Mea Bl	isure lank		

- 2. Place the blank and unknown in the correct cell position. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, you can place up to five samples in the cell holder.
- **3.** Press **Measure Blank** to measure the blank. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, it automatically moves to the B

position to measure the blank. When it completes the measurement, it returns to its previous cell position.

4. Press **Measure Sample** to start the measurement. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, press the cell position buttons on the keypad to re-position the cell holder and measure the rest of the unknowns manually.

Absorbance Difference

When you use the Absorbance Difference program, you can perform these tasks:

- Recall a test **OR** set up your test parameters
- Run the Cell Correction program
- Measure a blank
- Measure unknowns

To get started, press the **TEST** key on the keypad. When the **Test Types** screen appears, highlight **Absorbance Difference** and press **ENTER**.



Recalling a test

- With the Absorbance Difference screen displayed, press Stored Tests. A list of stored tests appears.
- Use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the test you want to recall and press ENTER. The parameters for the selected test appear on the screen.

From this screen, you can:

- Set up test parameters
- Set up Cell Correction program
- Save a test
- View the list of stored tests

- Measure a blank
- Measure unknowns

Setting up test parameters

- 1. With the **Absorbance Difference** screen displayed, use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the parameter you want to set.
- When the parameters are set, you can press Save Test to save the test or Run Test to measure a blank or unknowns.

Measuring unknowns

Measuring unknowns automatically (using Auto 6 or Auto 3)

- 1. With the Absorbance Difference screen displayed, press Run Test.
- 2. Place the blank and unknowns in the correct cell positions.
- 3. Press ENTER to start the measurement. The instrument automatically measures the blank first, then measures the unknowns and displays the sample measurements on the screen.



Measuring unknowns manually (using Manual 6 or Single Cell Platform)

- 1. With the Absorbance Difference screen displayed, press Run Test.
- 2. Place the blank and unknown in the correct cell position. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, you can place up to five samples in the cell holder.
- **3.** Press **Measure Blank** to measure the blank. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, it automatically moves to the B

position to measure the blank. When it completes the measurement, it returns to its previous cell position.

Absor Test	Absorbance Difference Test Name:		2:47pm	21Jan01
ID#	Abs 546nm	Abs 546nm	Result ppm	
Mea Bl	sure ank			

4. Press **Measure Sample** to start the measurement. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, press the cell position buttons on the keypad to re-position the cell holder and measure the rest of the unknowns manually.

Kinetics

When you use the Kinetics program, you can perform these tasks:

- Recall a test **OR** set up your test parameters
- Run the Cell Correction program
- Measure a blank
- Measure an unknown
- Recalculate reaction rates
- Modify the scale of the plot

When you use the Kinetics program, you can choose to work with either graphical data or with tabular data. You can perform the same functions regardless of the type of display you select. However, the location of function keys varies depending on the type of display you choose.

- **Note:** The Kinetics program allows you to measure only one unknown at a time.
- **Note:** The Kinetics program allows you to collect up to 400 data points per run. When you set up your test parameters, be sure to select the interval time and total run time accordingly.

To get started, press the **TEST** key on the keypad.

When the **Test Types** screen appears, highlight **Kinetics** and press **ENTER**.

Recalling a test

- 1. With the **Kinetics** screen displayed, press **Stored Tests**. A list of stored tests appears.
- Use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the test you want to recall and press ENTER. The parameters for the selected test appear on the screen.

Kinetics		2:50	pm 21Jan01 BLANK
Ractor Units Linearity Va Sample Posit Cell Correct ID# (0=0FF) Low/High Lin Auto Print	lue ioner ion its		1.000 C 0.005 Auto 6 Off 1 -9999/9999 On
Press 1 or 1	to sele	:ct item to ∣ Stored	change. Run
	Test	Tests	Test

From this screen, you can:

- Set up test parameters
- Run the Cell Correction program
- Save a test
- View the list of stored tests
- Measure a blank
- Measure unknowns
- Set up your analog recorder

Setting up test parameters

- 1. With the Kinetics screen displayed, use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the parameter you want to set.
- When the parameters are set, you can press Save Test to save the test or Run Test to measure a blank or an unknown.

Measuring unknowns

Note: If your instrument is equipped with a 6position cell holder, be sure to place the blank in position B and the unknown in cell position #1. The instrument always uses cell position #1 to scan the unknown.

- 1. With the **Kinetics** test parameters displayed on the screen, press **Run Test**.
- If you have a 6-position cell holder, place the blank in position B and the unknown in position #1. Press Measure Sample to measure the blank and the unknown. When the instrument completes the measurement, the kinetics data and rate appear on the screen.
- If you have 1-position cell holder, press Measure Blank to measure the blank, then insert your unknown and press Measure Sample. When the instrument completes the measurement, the kinetics data and rate appear on the screen.



If you want to switch between tabular and graphical displays, press **Graph/Tabular**.

When you have a graphical display, you can press **Edit Graph**, then press **Cursor** to move the cursor line from one position to another on the plot. As the cursor moves the rate and result values indicate the values for the point on the plot where the cursor is located.

Rescaling & recalculating graphical kinetics results

Within the Kinetics program, you can view and manipulate your results either in graphical form or in tabular form. When your results are displayed on the screen, you can modify the range (start and

stop time) and the instrument automatically recalculates the reaction rate.

When you are working with graphical kinetics results, you need to press **Edit Graph** before you can rescale and recalculate.



You can modify the scale of your kinetics data plot in two ways - automatically or manually. When you select Auto Scale, the instrument automatically scales the X- and Y-axes so all the data appears on the plot. When you select Manual Scale, you select specific minimum and maximum values for the Xand Y-axes. Whenever you modify the scale, the instrument also automatically recalculates and displays the new reaction rate and result.

When the edit screen appears, you can:

- Use the Auto Scale function to change the scale, display the new graph and recalculate the results
- Use the Manual Scale function to change the scale, display the new graph and recalculate the results
- Use the cursor to select new minimum or maximum values for the X-axis and recalculate the results.

To use the Auto Scale function

 With your kinetics data displayed on the Edit Graph screen, press Auto Scale. The instrument automatically adjusts the minimum and maximum values for the X- and Y-axes so all the data appears on the plot. The instrument also recalculates the results, using all the data, and displays it on the screen.

To use the Manual Scale function

1. With your kinetics data displayed on the edit screen, press Manual Scale. The manual scale options appear.



- Use the number keys to enter the appropriate minimum or maximum value for the X- or Y-axis, then press the appropriate function key (Min Y, Max Y, Min X, Max X) to accept it. The instrument redraws the plot using the minimum and maximum value you have entered and displays the recalculated rate and result.
- **3.** Continue until you have entered all the values you want to change.

To use the cursor

1. With your kinetics data displayed on the edit screen, press **Cursor**. The cursor options appear.



- Press Cursor ← or Cursor → to position the cursor line on the appropriate point on the graph. The instrument displays the data for the selected point.
- When the cursor line is in the correct position, press Set Min X or Set Max X to accept the selected point. The instrument redraws the plot using the minimum and maximum value you

have selected and displays the recalculated rate and result.

Rescaling & recalculating tabular kinetics results

When you are working with tabular kinetics results, you need to press **Edit Data** before you can rescale and recalculate.

After collecting your kinetics data, you can use all the data for the rate calculation or you can select specific start and end times. Whenever you modify the start and end times or select all the data, the instrument automatically recalculates and displays the new reaction rate and result.

When the edit screen appears, you can:

- Use all the data to recalculate the results
- Select specific start and end times for the rate calculation and recalculate the results.

Kinetics Test Name:	KINETICS	12:	57 30Jan01 Cell # 1
HH:MM:SS	Abs De	lta Lin	
→ 0:0 0:1 0:2 0:3 0:4 0:5 1:0 1:1	$\begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 0.417 \\ 0 & 0.471 \\ 0 & 0.510 \\ 0 & 0.534 \\ 0 & 0.550 \\ 0 & 0.559 \\ 0 & 0.568 \\ 0 & 0.574 \end{array}$	0.054 0.039 0.024 0.016 0.010 0.008 0.007	L L L L L L L
ID# 1 Press ↑ or Use all data	min∕Abs 0.000 ↓ for mor Graph	Result 0.013 e data Start Time	End

To use all the data to calculate the reaction rate

1. With your table of kinetics data displayed on the edit screen, press **Use all data**. The instrument calculates the rate and displays it on the screen.

To select specific start and end times for the rate calculation

- With your table of kinetics data displayed on the edit screen, use the arrow keys on the keypad to move the highlight symbol (→) to the appropriate data point in the table.
- 2. Press Start Time or End Time. The instrument displays the recalculated rate and result.

Survey Scan/Scanning

The Survey Scan program allows you to scan a wavelength range. When you use the Survey Scan program, you can perform these tasks:

- Recall a test **OR** set up your test parameters
- Run the Cell Correction program
- Collect a baseline scan
- Scan an unknown
- View scan data
- Change the scale of the data plot
- Determine 3-point net measurements
- Calculate the area under a curve
- Label peaks and valleys
- **Note:** The Survey Scan/Scanning program allows you to measure only one unknown at a time. Auto 6, Auto 3 and Manual 6 are not available for scanned measurements.
- **Note:** If you want to set a baseline expiration time, press **UTILITIES**, then use the arrow keys to highlight **Baseline Expiration**. Press **ENTER** and set the desired time.

To get started, press the **TEST** key on the keypad. When the **Test Types** screen appears, highlight **Survey Scan** or **Scanning** and press **ENTER**.

Recalling a test

- With the Survey Scan/Scanning screen displayed, press Stored Tests. A list of stored tests appears.
- Use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the test you want to recall and press ENTER. The parameters for the selected test appear on the screen.

From this screen, you can:

- Set up test parameters
- Set up Cell Correction program
- Save a test
- View the list of stored tests
- Collect a baseline
- Scan unknowns

Setting up test parameters

- 1. With the **Survey Scan/Scanning** screen displayed, use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the parameter you want to set.
- When the parameters are set, you can press Save Test to save the test or Run Test to measure a blank or an unknown.

Scanning		7:49am 22Jan01 BLANK
lest Name Measurement Start Waveler Stop Waveler Sample Posit Scan Speed Cell Correct ID# (0=DFF) Auto Print	Mode ength gth ioner	Absorbance 400nm 500nm Auto 6 Fast Off 1 0n
Press † or J	<u>to sele</u> Save Test	ect item to change. Stored Run Tests Test

Collecting a baseline scan

- **Note:** If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, be sure to place the blank in the B position. The instrument always uses the B position to collect the baseline.
- 1. With the Survey Scan/Scanning test parameters displayed, press Run Test.
- 2. Place the blank in the B position.
- **3.** Press **Measure Blank** to collect the baseline. When the instrument is finished measuring the blank, the message disappears.



Note: If you want to switch between tabular and graphical displays, press **Graph/Tabular**.

Scanning an unknown

- **Note:** If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, be sure to place the unknown in cell position #1. The instrument always uses cell position #1 to scan the unknown.
- 1. With the Survey Scan test parameters displayed on the screen, press **Run Test**.
- 2. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, be sure to place the unknown in cell position #1.
- 3. Press Measure Sample to measure the unknown.
- **Note:** If you want to switch between tabular and graphical displays, press **Graph/Tabular**.
- **Note:** You may need to use the up and down arrow keys to view all the data for the scan.



Viewing & manipulating scan data

Within the Survey Scan/Scanning program, you can view and manipulate your results either in graphical form or in tabular form.

When you are working with graphical scan data, you need to press **Edit Graph** before you can perform other functions on the scan data.

When the edit graph screen appears, you can:

- Rescale the graph
- Perform mathematical operations on the graph



Rescaling graphical scan data

You can modify the scale of your scan data plot in two ways - automatically or manually. When you select Auto Scale, the instrument automatically scales the X- and Y-axes so all the data appears on the plot. When you select Manual Scale, you select specific minimum and maximum values for the X- and Y-axes. Whenever you modify the scale, the instrument also automatically recalculates and displays the new data plot.

Press **Edit Scale** to modify the scale. When the edit scale screen appears, you can:

- Use the cursor to identify specific points along the X-axis, change the scale and display the new graph
- Use the Manual Scale function to change the scale and display the new graph
- Use the Auto Scale function to change the scale and display the new graph



To use the cursor

 With your scan data displayed on the edit scale screen, press Cursor. The cursor option appears



- Press Cursor → or Cursor ←.to position the cursor line on the appropriate point on the graph. The instrument displays the data for the selected point.
- When the cursor line is in the correct position, press Set Min X or Set Max X to accept the selected point. The instrument redraws the plot using the minimum and maximum value you have selected and displays the new graph.

To use the Manual Scale function

 With your scan data displayed on the edit scale screen, press Manual. The manual scale options appear.



To set the minimum or maximum value for the X- or Y-axis, press Min Y, Max Y, Min X or Max X. A screen appears prompting you to enter the appropriate value.

Use the number keys to enter the correct value, then press the appropriate function key (Min Y, Max Y, Min X, Max X) to accept it. The instrument redraws the plot using the minimum and maximum values you have entered.

To use the Auto Scale function

 With your scan data displayed on the edit scale screen, press Auto Scale. The instrument automatically adjusts the minimum and maximum values for the X- and Y-axes so all the data appears on the plot.

Performing calculations on the scan data

You can modify your graph by performing calculations on the data. From the **Edit Graph** screen press **Math**. When the Math screen appears, you can:

- Determine 3-point net values
- Calculate the area under a curve
- Label peaks and valleys



Determining 3-point net measurements

- With your scan data displayed on the edit graph screen, press Math. The Math Calculation screen appears.
- Press 3-Pt Net to enter the 3-point Net Measurement screen. A screen showing the cursor options and three cursor lines (designated for the left, center and right wavelengths) appears.



- Use Cursor → and Cursor ← to position the left cursor line to the desired wavelength value. The instrument calculates the 3-point net absorbance for the selected wavelengths.
- 4. Continue selecting the other wavelengths by pressing Next Cursor to activate the center and right cursor lines. Select the wavelengths by positioning the cursor with the Cursor ← and Cursor → keys. Repeat until all three wavelengths have been selected.
- Press Enter Factor to access the set factor box. Enter the desired factor and press ENTER. The instrument calculates the value for the 3-point net absorbance for the selected wavelengths, multiplied by the selected factor.

Calculating the area under a curve

- With your scan data displayed on the Edit Graph screen, press Math. The Math Calculation screen appears.
- 2. Press Area. The Area Under the Curve Measurement screen appears.



- Use Cursor → and Cursor ← to position the left cursor line to the desired wavelength value. The instrument calculates the area under the curve for the selected wavelengths.
- Continue selecting the other wavelengths by pressing Next Cursor to activate the next cursor line. Select the wavelength by positioning the cursor with the Cursor → and Cursor ← keys.
- 5. Press Set Options to access the set options window.
- Use the up and down arrows to highlight Factor. Enter the desired factor and press ENTER.
- Use the up and down arrow to highlight Calculation baseline. Press ENTER to toggle between Zero and Tangent.
- 8. Press **ESC** to return to the area under a curve screen. The instrument calculates the area under a curve for the selected wavelengths, factor and calculation method.

Labeling peaks and valleys

- 1. With your scan displayed on the edit graph screen, press Math. The Math Calculation screen appears.
- 2. Press Peaks & Valleys. The Label Peaks and Valleys window appears.



3. Use the arrow keys to select the type of labels you want displayed and press **ENTER.** The instrument labels the selected items on your scan data plot.

Viewing & rescaling tabular scan data

When you are working with tabular scan data, you need to press **Edit Data** before you can perform other functions on the scan data.

Scanning Test Name: FILTER			4:09 7Feb01 Cell # 1		
Wavelength	Abs	_			
350 351 352 353 354 355 356 357 358 359	0.14 0.14 0.15 0.16 0.18 0.24 0.33 0.40 0.45	4 32 0 6 6 7 6 2 4 4			
ID#: 1 Baseline collected 7Feb01					
Use all Gr data Gr	aph	Start nm	End nm		

To use all the scan data

- 1. With your table of scan data displayed on the edit screen, press **Use all data**.
- To select specific start and end wavelengths
- With your table of scan data displayed on the edit screen, use the arrow keys on the keypad to move the highlight symbol (→) to the appropriate data point in the table.
- 2. Press Start nm or End nm. The instrument highlights the selected data points.

You can press **Graph** to display the plot using the highlighted data points.

3-Point Net

When you use the 3-Point Net program, you can perform these tasks:

- Recall a test **OR** set up your test parameters
- Run the Cell Correction program
- Measure a blank
- Measure unknowns

To get started, press the **TEST** key on the keypad. When the **Test Types** screen appears, highlight **3-Point Net** and press **ENTER**.



Recalling a test

- 1. With the **3-Point Net** screen displayed, press **Stored Tests**. A list of stored tests appears.
- Use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the test you want to recall and press ENTER. The parameters for the selected test appear on the screen.

From this screen, you can:

- Set up test parameters
- Run the Cell Correction program
- Save a test
- · View the list of stored tests
- Measure a blank
- Measure unknowns

Setting up test parameters

- 1. With the **3-Point Net** screen displayed, use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the parameter you want to set.
- When the parameters are set, you can press Save Test to save the test or Run Test to measure a blank or unknowns.

Taking measurements

Taking measurements automatically (Auto 6 or Auto 3)

 With the 3-Point Net screen displayed and the parameters set, press Run Test. The 3-Point Net measurement screen appears.



- 2. Place the blank and the unknowns in the correct cell positions.
- 3. Press **ENTER** to start the measurements. The instrument automatically measures the blank first, then measures the unknowns and displays the sample measurements on the screen.

Taking measurements manually (using Manual 6 or Single Cell Platform)

 With the 3-Point Net screen displayed and the parameters set, press Run Test. The 3-Point Net measurement screen appears.

int Net Name:	8:05am 22Jan0:		
Abs 610nm	Abs 660nm	Abs 680nm	Result mg∕mL
·			
	int Net Name: Abs 610nm 	int Net Name: BILIRUB Abs Abs 610nm 660nm 	int Net Name: BILIRUBIN Abs Abs Abs 610nm 660nm 680nm

- 2. Place the blank and unknowns in the cell holder. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, be sure to place the blank in the B position. You can place up to five samples in the cell holder.
- **3.** Press **Measure Blank** to measure the blank. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, it automatically moves to the B position to measure the blank. When it

completes the measurement, it returns to its previous cell position.

4. Press **Measure Sample** to measure the unknowns. The sample measurement appears on the screen. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, press the cell position buttons on the keypad to reposition the cell holder and measure the rest of the unknowns manually.

Multiple Wavelengths

When you use the Multiple Wavelengths program, you can perform these tasks:

- Recall a test **OR** set up your test parameters
- Run the Cell Correction program
- Add or delete wavelengths and factors
- Measure a blank
- Measure unknowns

To get started, press the **TEST** key on the keypad. When the **Test Types** screen appears, highlight **Multiple Wavelengths** and press **ENTER**.

Multiwaveler	gth	8:07	am 22Jan01 BLANK
Test Name Measurement Mode Sample Positioner Number of Samples Cell Correction ID# (0=DFF) Auto Print			Absorbance Auto 6 1 Off 1 0n
Press † or J Set nms	<u>to sele</u> Save Test	ect item to Stored Tests	change .

Recalling a test

- 1. With the **Multiple Wavelengths** screen displayed, press **Stored Tests**. A list of stored tests appears.
- Use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the test you want to recall and press ENTER. The parameters for the selected test appear on the screen.

From this screen, you can:

- Set up test parameters
- Run the Cell Correction program

- Save a test
- View the list of stored tests
- Measure a blank
- Measure unknowns

Setting up test parameters

1. With the **Multiple Wavelengths** screen displayed, use the arrow keys to highlight the name of the parameter you want to set.

*Refer to the procedures below for specific instructions on adding or deleting wavelengths and factors.

- If you have previously selected the wavelengths you wish to measure, you can press Save Test to save the test or Run Test to measure a blank or unknowns.
- **3.** If you have not selected the wavelengths, you can add wavelengths and factors as shown below.

Adding wavelengths & factors

- **Note:** You can enter factors only when the measurement mode is set to Concentration/Factor.
- With the Multiple Wavelengths screen displayed, press Set nms. The wavelength screen appears, listing the wavelengths and factors specified for the measurements.

Multiwavelength Test Name:		8:18	am 22Jan01 BLANK
WL# nm 1 610 2 660 3 680 4			
Page 1 Press ↑ or	↓ to view	data	
Edit	Add nm	Delete nm	Run Test

- 2. Use the arrow keys to highlight the position where you want to enter the first wavelength and factor pair.
- 3. Press Add nm.
- 4. Enter the values for the wavelength and factor and press ENTER.
- 5. When the values are correct, press Add nm.

6. Continue until you have entered all the wavelengths and factors.

Deleting wavelengths & factors

- 1. With the **Multiple Wavelengths** screen displayed, use the arrow keys to highlight Set nms. The wavelength screen appears, listing the wavelengths and factors specified for the measurements.
- **Note:** If no wavelength values have been entered, the wavelength and factor columns will be empty.
- **2.** Use the arrow keys to highlight the first wavelength and factor pair you want to delete.
- 3. Press Delete nm.

Taking measurements

Taking measurements automatically (Auto 6 or Auto 3)

 The Multiple Wavelength acquisition can be accessed from either the Set nms screen shown above or from the Multiple Wavelength set up screen. Press Run Test. The Multiple Wavelength measurement screen appears.

Multiway Test Nam ID#: 1	velength ne:	8:30am 22Jan01 BLANK
າm 	Result Abs	
	Insert sampl into positio Press ENTER to	le 1 on 1 measure

- **2.** Place the blank and the unknowns in the correct cell positions.
- 3. Press ENTER to start the measurement. The instrument automatically measures the blank first, then measures the unknowns and displays the sample measurements on the screen.

Taking measurements manually (using Manual 6 or Single Cell Platform)

- With the Multiple Wavelength screen displayed and the parameters set, press Run Test. The Multiple Wavelength measurement screen appears.
- 2. Place the blank and unknowns in the cell holder. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, be sure to place the blank in the B position. You can place up to five samples in the cell holder.
- **3.** Press **Measure Blank** to measure the blank. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, it automatically moves to the B position to measure the blank. When it completes the measurement, it returns to its previous cell position.
- 4. With the list of wavelengths (and factors) displayed, press **Measure Samples** to measure the unknowns. The instrument measures the absorbance at each wavelength and displays it on the screen. If you have set the measurement mode to Concentration/Factor, the instrument also displays the calculated concentration at each wavelength. If your instrument is equipped with a 6-Position Cell Holder, press the cell position buttons on the keypad to reposition the cell holder and measure the rest of the unknowns manually.

Using "General Tests" Software

Using the Performance Validation Program

<u>Overview</u>

The Performance Validation program allows you to run tests to check the performance of your instrument. Available tests include:

- Wavelength Accuracy Internal
- Wavelength Accuracy Standards
- Photometric Accuracy
- Noise Measurement
- Stray Light
- Internal Printer Test
- RS232C Test

Running the appropriate performance validation tests regularly and maintaining a log of your results helps document the reliability of the instrument and indicates potential performance issues.

Note: If you have a printer installed and turned on, the instrument automatically prints out the test results for each performance validation test that you run. You can also press the **PRINT** key to print another copy of the results.

Accessing the Performance Validation tests

- 1. Press the **TESTS** key on the keypad. The **Test Types** screen appears.
- 2. Highlight Performance Validation and press **ENTER**. The **Performance Validation** screen appears.



Troubleshooting checklist

If a Performance Validation test fails, follow the instructions below to help you diagnose common problems that may cause a test to fail. If a test continues to fail after you have tried all the recommendations in the list, follow the troubleshooting list for the test being run (included with the description of each test).

- Make sure you are following the instructions for the test properly.
- Make sure filters and standards are clean.
- Make sure the sample compartment door is closed while the test is running.
- Make sure the sample compartment is clear of any obstructions.
- Make sure the 6-Position Cell Holder is installed properly; run the test once with the sample compartment door open to verify that the 6-Position Cell Holder is moving smoothly.
- Turn the instrument power OFF, then ON; verify that no problems are indicated by the power-on diagnostics.
- Make sure the lamp is ON.
- Make sure the lamp compartment is clear of any obstructions.



WARNING

Do not open the lamp compartment unless the instrument power is OFF.

Do not turn the instrument power ON unless the lamp compartment is closed!

Wavelength Accuracy - Internal

This test locates the peaks and displays the expected and measured wavelengths for the peaks at the following wavelengths:

• UV-Vis instruments - measures wavelength accuracy for the xenon lamp at 229, 529 and 883nm.

When running the internal standard test, remember that:

- The wavelengths are preset and cannot be changed.
- The xenon lamp has a preset tolerance of ±2.0nm.
- The cell holder should be empty.
- With the Performance Validation screen displayed, use the arrow keys to highlight Wavelength Accuracy - Internal.
- 2. Press ENTER. The Wavelength Accuracy Internal screen appears.
- 3. Press Start Test to run the test. The results of the test appear on the screen, indicating pass or fail for each wavelength.

Performan Wavelengt	ce Validati h Accuracy	on 1:26 Intern	pm 22Jan01 al	
Expected	Tolerance	Measured	Result	
ากก	±nm	ากก		
229	± 2	228	Pass	
529	± 2	527	Pass	
882	± 2	883	Pass	
Make sure	the Blank	position i	s empty.	
Press Start Test				
			Start	
1		1	Test	

If the test fails, follow these guidelines:

- Repeat the test several times to verify that the test is failing consistently.
- Contact technical support for more troubleshooting advice.

Wavelength Accuracy - Standards

This test measures the absorbance of a filter standard at up to five wavelengths and compares the results with specified tolerances. The wavelengths and tolerances are preset, but you should change them to the values on the certificate of calibration included with your standards.

Note: Only the middle wavelength of the SPECTRONIC Standards wavelength standard is certified. The wavelength accuracy test passes or fails based on this wavelength alone. The other two wavelengths may be used for long-term repeatability testing. The initial target values may be determined by running the wavelength accuracy test once, and taking note of the values reported in the Measured Wavelength column.

 With the Performance Validation screen displayed, use the arrow keys to highlight Wavelength Accuracy - Standards and press ENTER. The Wavelength Accuracy -Standards screen appears.

Performance Validation 11:15 7Mar01 Wavelength Accuracy Standards					
Expected nm	Tolerance ±nm	Measured nm	Result		
Entry: Enter Wavelength (190 - 1100) Add nm					

Adding wavelengths

- If you need to add a wavelength, press Add nm and enter the wavelength value in the Entry field.
- 2. When the value is correct, press Add nm again to add the wavelength to the list. The screen changes to prompt you to enter the tolerance for the wavelength you just entered.

Performance Validation 11:16 7Mar01 Wavelength Accuracy Standards				
Expected nm SS9	Tolerance ±nm	Measured nm	Result	
Entry: Enter Tolerance (1.0-20.0)				
	Add Tolerance			

- 3. Enter the tolerance value in the Entry field.
- 4. When the value is correct, press Add Tolerance to add the tolerance.

Using the Performance Validation Program

Deleting wavelengths

1. If you want to delete a wavelength, use the arrow keys to highlight the appropriate wavelength.

Performance Validation 11:17 7Mar01 Wavelength Accuracy Standards				
Expected nm 339 525	Tolerance ±nm ± 2 ± 2	Measured nm	Result	
Place Standard 1 in position 1				
Press Start Test				
or nos (
Press ESC	to save te	st		
	Add	Delete	Start	
	11M	11M	Test	

2. When the appropriate wavelength is highlighted, press **Delete nm** to confirm that you want to delete the wavelength.

Running the test

- 1. With the **Wavelength Accuracy Standards** screen displayed, make sure that the wavelengths and tolerances are set correctly.
- 2. Press **Start Test** to run the test. The results of the test appear on the screen, indicating pass or fail for each wavelength.

If the test fails, follow these guidelines:

- Repeat the test several times to verify that the test is failing consistently.
- Make sure the target value you entered for the calibrated wavelength is the same as the value printed on the SPECTRONIC Standards certificate.
- Make sure the tolerance value you entered for the calibrated wavelength is the same as the value given in the SPECTRONIC Standards User's Manual.

Photometric Accuracy

This test measures the absorbance (or %transmittance) of a set of standards and compares the results with specified tolerances. The absorbances and tolerances are preset, but you should change them to the values on the report of calibration included with your standards.

- **Note:** You can display the tolerances for this test in either absorbance or %transmittance.
- 1. With the **Performance Validation** screen displayed, use the arrow keys to highlight **Photometric Accuracy**.
- 2. Press ENTER. The Photometric Accuracy screen appears.



Selecting the mode

 To switch between absorbance and %transmittance, press Change to %T (or Change to ABS) until the appropriate mode appears.

Adding standards

You will need to set three values whenever you add a standard - the wavelength, the absorbance (or %transmittance) and the tolerance value.

- 1. If you need to add a standard, press Add Std and enter the wavelength value in the Entry field.
- When the wavelength value is correct, press Add Std again to add the wavelength to the list. The screen changes to prompt you to enter the absorbance (or %transmittance) for the wavelength you just entered.
- **3.** Enter enter the tolerance value in the **Entry** field.
- 4. Press Start Test or Press ESC to save test.

Performance Validation Photometric Accuracy		11:1	.8 7Mar01
# nm Expec: %T 1 590 50.0 2 590 10.0 3	ted Tol. ±%T ± 1.2 ± 1.2	Meas. %T	Result
Entry: Enter Wavel	ength (190 -	- 1100)	

Deleting standards

1. If you need to delete a standard, use the arrow keys to highlight the appropriate standard.



2. When the appropriate standard is highlighted, press **Delete Std** to confirm that you want to delete the standard.

Running the test

- 1. With the **Photometric Accuracy** screen displayed, make sure that the wavelengths, absorbance (or %transmittance) values and tolerances are set correctly.
- Press Start Test to run the test. The results of the test appear on the screen, indicating pass or fail for each wavelength.



If the test fails, follow these guidelines:

- Repeat the test several times to verify that the test is failing consistently.
- Make sure you follow the guidelines provided with the standard reference materials.
- Contact technical support for more troubleshooting advice.

Noise Measurement

This test measures the amount of noise (peak-topeak) at specified wavelengths:

• UV-Vis instruments - measures noise at 230 and 340nm

All parameters are preset and cannot be changed. When running the noise test, remember that:

- The wavelengths are preset and cannot be changed.
- The Blank position should be empty.
- Position #1 should be used for the 2A filter in a 6-cell holder only (if measured).
- 1. With the **Performance Validation** screen displayed, use the arrow keys to highlight **Noise Measurement**.
- 2. Press ENTER. The Noise Measurement screen appears.

Perform Noise N	nance Validatio Measurement	m 1	3:49 30Jan01
00A	Peak-to-Peak	Meas.	Result
220	Tolerance	HDS	D
230nm	20.002	0.000	rass
340nm	≤0.001	0.001	Pass
eza	Peak-to-Peak	Meas.	Result
	Tolerance	Ahs	
230nm	<0.003	0 000	Pass
340mm	<0.002	0 001	Pass
54010	30.002	0.001	1 435
Make sure the Blank position is empty. Place 2A filter in Cell Position 1 Press Start Test			
			Start
			Test

- **3.** Make sure that the Blank position is empty and insert the 2A filter in position #1 if you are measuring at 2A.
- 4. Press **Start Test** to run the test. The results of the test appear on the screen, indicating pass or fail for each wavelength.

If the test fails, follow these guidelines:

- Repeat the test several times to verify that the test is failing consistently.
- Make sure the instrument is warmed up for at least 30 minutes, standby mode = OFF.
- Make sure the instrument is plugged into a stable power supply.
- Contact technical support for more troubleshooting advice.

Stray Light

This test measures the amount of stray light at selected wavelengths and compares them to specified tolerances. The wavelengths are preset and cannot be changed. You should change the tolerances for the desired wavelengths. Running the stray light test takes approximately thirty seconds.

When running the stray light test, remember that:

- You will need the SPECTRONIC Standards Stray Radiant Energy filters or equivalent.
- Position B should be empty.
- Position #1 should be used for SRE 220.
- Position #2 should be used for SRE 340.
- Position #3 should be used for SRE 400.

You may use other filters, but they must have $\leq 0.1\%$ T at the wavelength of interest.

Using the Performance Validation Program

- 1. With the **Performance Validation** screen displayed, use the arrow keys to highlight **Stray Light**.
- 2. Press ENTER. The Stray Light screen appears.

Performance Stray Light	Validatio	m	11:23	7Mar01
Wavelength 220nm 340nm 400nm	Expected ≤ 0.1%T ≤ 0.1%T ≤ 0.1%T	Measur	ed	
Place SRE f Press Start	ilters in Test	positio	n 1 -	3. tart Test

Running the test

- 1. With the **Stray Light** screen displayed, make sure that the wavelengths and tolerances are set correctly.
- 2. Press Start Test to run the test. The results of the test appear on the screen, indicating pass or fail for each wavelength.

If the test fails, follow these guidelines:

- Repeat the test several times to verify that the test is failing consistently.
- Make sure all the filters being used are SPECTRONIC Standards Stray light filters, or exact equivalents.
- Contact technical support for more troubleshooting advice.

Internal Printer Test

The Internal Printer test allows you to verify that the internal printer is functional. To run the test, you will need to have the internal printer installed. Running the internal printer test takes no more than 20 seconds after you press **Stop**.

- Verify that the internal printer is installed properly and is selected. If necessary, press the UTILITY key, then select the internal printer.
- 2. With the Performance Validation screen displayed, use the arrow keys to highlight Internal Printer Test.

3. Press ENTER. The Internal Printer Test screen appears.

Performance Validation Internal Printer Test	10:45 29May02
Press Start Test to start	printer test.
	Start Test

4. Press **Start Test** to run the test. The test print routine appears on the printer.

While the test is running, you can press **Stop Test** to stop it.

If the test fails, follow these guidelines:

- Make sure that the internal printer is the selected printer device on the Utilities screen.
- Make sure that the internal printer is installed correctly. (Return to the main screen and press ENTER. If the paper does not move, the printer may not be installed correctly.)
- Make sure that the thermal paper is threaded with the thermal side toward the printer head (the outside surface of the roll is the thermal surface).
- Contact technical support for more troubleshooting advice.

RS232C Test

The RS232C test allows you to verify that the RS232C port is functional. To run the test, you will need to have the RS232 Test Plug (336035) attached to the RS232C port on the back panel of the instrument. Running the RS232C test takes approximately five minutes.

- Verify that the RS232 Test Plug is securely attached to the RS232C port on the back panel of the instrument.
- With the Performance Validation screen displayed, use the arrow keys to highlight RS232C Test.

3. Press ENTER. The RS232C Test screen appears.



4. Press **Start Test** to run the test. When the test is complete, the message "RS232 OK" or RS232 Failed" appears on the screen.

While the test is running, you can press **Stop Test** to stop it.

If the test fails, follow these guidelines:

- Make sure that the test plug is installed correctly and is not loose or damaged.
- Contact technical support for more troubleshooting advice.

General information

The spectrophotometer supports a variety of sample-handling accessories. This section describes how to connect and use the following types of accessories:

- Cell holders and cell holder accessories
- Internal printer
- External computer

Cell holders & cell holder accessories

If the spectrophotometer includes a 6-Position Cell Holder, you can install a single-position cell platform. However, if your spectrophotometer is a Single-Position Cell Platform model, you cannot upgrade it to accommodate a 6-Position Cell Holder.

The following table lists the cell holders and cell holder accessories available for the spectrophotometer.

Catalog #	Description
335916	Single Cell Holder Platform -with single cuvette holder installed. Included in 335900 and 335902 models.
336014	Test Tube Holder - Accommodates test tubes up to 25mm in diameter and up to 102mm tall, C.O.D. reagent vials and Hach vials (24mm diameter and 60mm tall); fits on 335927 6-Position Cell Holder (holds three) or 335916 Single Cell Holder Platform (holds one).
335917	Adjustable Filter Holder - Accommodates glass or plastic filters up to 50mm long x 80mm tall x 10mm thick; minimum thickness of 1mm; fits on 335927 6-Position Cell Holder (holds three) or 335916 Single Cell Holder Platform (holds one).
335428	Filter Holder - Accommodates filters/lenses up to 50mm long x 80mm tall x 1-8mm thick; fits on 335927 6-Position Cell Holder (holds three) or 335916 Single Cell Holder Platform (holds one).
335079	Thermal Block - Controls the temperature of one 10mm pathlength square cuvette within the range of 20 to 100°C; fits on 335927 6-Position Cell Holder (holds three) or 335916 Single Cell Holder Platform (holds one); requires external water bath and 335921 Accessory Door for routing circulating water.
336028	Single Cell Holder - Accommodates 10mm test tubes, 10mm square cuvettes, short pathlength cuvettes with spacers, and 10mm ultra-microcell; fits on 335927 6-Position Cell Holder or 335916 Single Cell Holder Platform.
335911	Cylindrical Longpath Cell Holder - Accommodates a cylindrical cell with 10-50mm pathlength, 22-25mm diameter; fits on 335927 6-Position Cell Holder (holds three) or 335916 Single Cell Holder Platform (holds one).
335912	Rectangular Longpath Cell Holder - Accommodates a rectangular cell with 10-50mm pathlength, 12.5mm wide; fits on 335927 6-Position Cell Holder (holds three) or 335916 Single Cell Holder Platform (holds one).
336012	Cylindrical Longpath Cell Holder - Accommodates one cylindrical cell with 10-100mm pathlength, 22-25mm diameter; requires 335916 Single Cell Holder Platform.
335112	Rectangular Longpath Cell Holder - Accommodates one rectangular cell with 10-100mm pathlength, 12.5mm wide; requires 335916 Single Cell Holder Platform.
335989	Internal Printer Assembly - Includes 1 roll of paper.
335982*	Peristaltic Pump - Includes set of Norprene pump tubing; used with 335171 Optical Glass flowcell or 335172 Quartz flowcell and 335921 Accessory Door Kit. 115V, 50/60Hz.
335982-02	Same as 335982 except with Europlug 230 VAC
335982-04	Same as 335982 except with UK plug 230 VAC

Connecting & Using Accessories

Catalog #	Description
335921	Accessory Door Kit - Includes spout and four ports for circulating water around water- jacketed cells, or for waste outlet for flowcell systems.
335977	Funnel Flowcell - 10mm pathlength, optical glass, for measurements between 335- 1100nm; fits on 335916 Single Cell Holder Platform (holds one).
335927	6-Position Cell Holder - platform with six (6) 336028 single cell holders installed.
333150	SPECTRONIC Standards
336029	Spacers - 5mm, set of 2, for use with 5mm short pathlength cuvettes in any square cell holder.
336030	Spacers - 8mm, set of 2, for use with 2mm or 1mm short pathlength cuvettes in any square cell holder.
335942	Serial interface cable to connect the spectrophotometer to an IBM-compatible PC.
331751	Ultra-microcell - 10 μl fill volume, 1mm pathlength, 40mm tall, quartz.
331752	Ultra-microcell - 70 μ l fill volume, 10mm pathlength, 50mm tall, quartz. Requires 335916 Single Cell Holder Platform (holds one) for optimal performance

Note: If you want to use 100mm longpath cells, you must install the Single-Position Cell Platform.

Changing cell holders

If you want to use longpath cells (cylindrical or rectangular), use test tubes, measure solid filters or regulate cell temperature via an external water circulator, you must install the appropriate cell holders. You can easily remove the 6-Position Cell Holder installed in the instrument and install other accessory cell holders.

*Whenever you change from one type of cell holder to another, you must measure a blank. This ensures that the instrument can detect which type of cell holder is installed.

Removing the 6-Position Cell Holder

- 1. Open the sample compartment and let the sample compartment door rest on its hinge.
- 2. With one hand, loosen the captive thumbscrew.
- **3.** With the other hand, pull straight up on the 6-Position Cell Holder and lift it out of the sample compartment.

Installing the 6-Position Cell Holder

- 1. Open the sample compartment and let the sample compartment door rest on its hinge.
- 2. With one hand, carefully lower the 6-Position Cell Holder straight down into the sample compartment.

- **3.** With the other hand, tighten the captive thumbscrew.
- 4. Close the sample compartment.
- **5.** Take a blank measurement to ensure that the instrument detects that you have installed the 6-Position Cell Holder.

Installing the Single-Position Cell Holder

- With the sample compartment open, place the Single-Position Cell Platform as shown in Figure 5.
- 2. Tighten the screws securely.
- **Note:** If the cell holder is not aligned correctly, you will not be able to tighten the screws.
- **3.** Take a blank Measurement to ensure that the instrument detects that you have installed the Single-Cell Platform.

Installing accessory cell holders

- 1. Make sure that you have the correct cell holder installed. If you want to use 100mm longpath cells, you must install the Single-Position Cell Holder.
- **2.** Install the desired accessory cell holders by tightening the screw on each cell holder.
- **Note:** You can install only three each of some accessory cell holders. Make sure to place them in positions B, 2 and 4.

Internal printer

Installing the internal printer



WARNING

Turn off the instrument and disconnect the power cord from the outlet before installing the internal printer.

- Loosen the captive screw (#1, Figure 6) on the lamp door by rotating it counterclockwise about ¼ turn.
- 2. Open the lamp door.
- **3.** Use a pen or screwdriver to lift the tabs holding the door to the hinge (#2 & #3, Figure 6).
- **4.** Slide the door off the hinge.
- **5.** Remove the printer (already installed on the printer door) from its packing.
- 6. Unclip the connector wires on the door hinge.
- 7. Lower the hinge so it is out of the way.
- 8. Connect the wires (#4, Figure 6) and press into place with a small screwdriver. There is only one way that the connectors will fit. Each connector has a slight D shape. Make sure the side of the connector with the shiny metal contacts (see Figure 6) and faces away from the printer and towards the plastic door.
- 9. Use the clip on the hinge to secure the wires.
- **10.** Install the printer door by sliding it back onto the hinge (#3, Figure 6).
- **11.** Close the lamp door.
- **12.** Tighten the captive screw (#1, Figure 6) on the printer door to hold it securely in place.
- **13.** Load the paper into the printer (*see instructions in Setting up the instrument*).

Loading the paper in the internal printer

For instructions on loading the paper in the internal printer, see *Setting up the instrument*.

External computers

To connect an external computer, make sure that the pin-outs on the connectors are set according to the illustration below.

To connect an external computer, connect the computer cable to the 9-pin RS232C port on the back of the instrument (#2, Figure 2). Be sure to use a DB9 pin (female) to DB9 pin (female) interface cable (335942).

Contact technical support for more information about using an external computer with the spectrophotometer.

Protocol to use wit	h external device:
Baud rate	19,200
Data bits:	8
Parity:	Off
Stop Bit:	1

Connecting & Using Accessories



Performing Maintenance Procedures

The spectrophotometer is durable and reliable, so routine maintenance is minimal. This section includes complete instructions for:

- Routine care, cleaning and maintenance of the instrument and cells
- Changing the fuse and voltage setting

This section also includes a list of replacement parts and accessories.



WARNING

Operating the instrument with the cover off exposes the operator to potentially dangerous voltages and ultraviolet (UV) radiation. Therefore, the distributor recommends that only authorized service representatives perform procedures requiring removal of the instrument cover and replacement of electrical components. To protect both yourself and the instrument, be sure to contact an authorized service representative to perform any service procedure you do not feel comfortable performing.

Routine care

Routine care for the spectrophotometer does not require a lot of time. To help minimize maintenance time and to increase the life and performance of your instrument, please follow these guidelines:

- To prevent dust from accumulating on and in the instrument, always replace the dust cover when the instrument is not turned on. The dust cover, supplied with the instrument, is resistant to most aqueous solutions.
- Do not use or store the instrument in a corrosive environment.
- Gently wipe the outside of the instrument with a soft cloth to remove any dust or spills. Water, isopropyl alcohol and other common laboratory cleaning agents may be used if necessary.

- Always clean up spills to prevent or minimize damage to the instrument. If concentrated acids or bases, or any hydrocarbon materials, are spilled on the instrument, be sure to clean up the affected area *immediately*.
- Use water, alcohol or other common laboratory cleaning agents to clean the keyboard. It is recommended that you clean spills off the keyboard as soon as they occur.

<u>Cleaning</u>

Cleaning and maintenance of cells

Cleaning of cells both inside and out is important not only because any contaminating material may absorb light, but also because material within the cell may react chemically with subsequent reagents or standards introduced into the cell. Cleaning methods depend to some extent on the nature of the contaminating material. Sodium (or ammonium) hydroxide and dilute hydrochloric acid may be used to remove some acidic and basic contaminants, respectively. Clorox (undiluted or 1:1) is very effective in removing proteinaceous and bacterial contaminants. You may also use Cell Cleaning Solution (332260-169) to clean your cells.

WARNING

Handle and dispose of chromic acid with care!

Finally, soaking in chromic acid will remove most contaminants, but the acid should be handled, and disposed of, with care. Because of the exothermic reaction of the acid and water, any heat generated should be quickly dissipated to avoid altering the pathlength of the cell. Cells should not be placed in hot chromic acid.

Note: To prepare chromic acid cleaning solution, slowly add (with stirring) 800mL of concentrated sulfuric acid to 458mL of distilled water containing 92 g of sodium dichromate (Na₂Cr₂O₇•2H₂O). This cleaning solution should be red-brown. Discard, using proper disposal methods, when green tinge appears. Cells with scratches in the optical path should be discarded because scratches will cause anomalous absorbance readings. Cells should be protected during cleaning and never thrown into a bath with glassware where they might get scratched, or placed in a wire rack that might scratch them. The outside of the cells may be wiped with a soft, lintfree tissue, and should be kept free of fingerprints.

Micro flowcells can be kept clean by:

- Flushing well with a solvent after use
- Aspirating dilute acid, base, non-filming detergent or Clorox through the cell in short bursts
- Storing with distilled water in the cell

Cleaning the windows of the sample compartment

Follow these guidelines to clean the windows of the sample compartment:

- **Do not use acetone** to clean the windows of the sample compartment. Instead, use a non-abrasive laboratory cleaning solution (Cell Cleaning Solution, 332260-169), distilled water or alcohol.
- Use the liquid and a soft, lint-free cloth to clean the windows. Do not apply too much pressure or the surface of the windows may be damaged. Be sure to remove all fingerprints.

Changing the fuse

The fuse is located in the power entry module located at the center of the back panel of the instrument (Figure 2).

- 120VAC, 2.5A, Slo-Blo
- 240VAC, 1.25A, Slo-Blo (2 required)

See *Replacement parts* on page 5-3 for a list of replacement part numbers.



WARNING

The instrument fuse must be replaced with the same type and rating fuse.



WARNING

If the fuse fails repeatedly, it may indicate a serious problem with the instrument. Contact your service representative as soon as possible.

- 1. Turn off and unplug the instrument.
- 2. Position the instrument so you can access the power entry module on the back of the instrument.
- **3.** Remove the power cord.
- **4.** Insert a flat-blade screwdriver into the notch (Figure 8) on the fuse cover and pry off the cover.
- **5.** Use a flat-blade screwdriver to remove the fuse holder (Figure 9).
- 6. Unsnap both fuses (Figure 10) to remove them.
- **7.** Insert the new fuses, pushing them in so they snap into place.
- 8. Replace the fuse cover.
- 9. Replace the power cord.
- **10.** Plug the instrument back in the appropriate outlet and turn on the power.
- **Note:** If the fuse blows again, contact your distributor or service at the number(s) listed on the back cover.
Replacement parts

Catalog #	Description		
335916	Single Cell Platform - with single cuvette holder installed.		
336028	Single Cell Holder - Accommodates 10mm test tubes, 10mm square cuvettes, short pathlength cuvettes with spacers, and 10mm ultra-microcell; fits on 335927 6-Position Cell Holder or 335916 Single Cell Holder Platform.		
335927	6-Position Cell Holder - with six (6) 336028 single cell holders installed.		
335989	Internal Printer Assembly.		
333152	Sensitized Paper - (100 sheets) for SPECTRONIC Standards.		
335965	Replacement Dust Cover.		
335954	Printer Paper - Package of 5 rolls.		
335904-10001	BioMate 3 Operator's Manual.		
335901-10020	Service Manual, includes printed service manual and CD ROM.		
335901-10040	BioMate 3 Service Manual, includes CD ROM only.		
335971	Replacement silicone tubing for 335982 Peristaltic pump, 5mm OD, 1.5mm ID, 25 foot roll.		

Performing Maintenance Procedures

Specifications

Table 1 Specifications for BioMate 3 spectrophotometers¹

	BioMate 3
Spectral Bandwidth	5nm
Optical System	Split beam, grating-based, dual detectors
Lamp Source; Lifetime	Xenon; 5 years typical
Wavelength	
Range	190 - 1100nm
Accuracy	± 1.0nm
Repeatability	± 0.5nm
Display	320 x 240 pixel LCD, 3.8" x 2.8"
Photometric	
Range	0.3 - 125%T; -0.1 - 3.0A; 0 - 9999C
Readout	Absorbance, Transmittance, Concentration
Accuracy ³	0.5% or 0.005A, whichever is greater, up to 2A
Noise	\leq 1mA at 0A; \leq 2mA at 2A, peak-to-peak at 340nm
Drift	≤ 1mA/hour
Stray Light⁴	≤ 0.1%T at 220 and 340nm
Standard Interface	Bi-directional RS232C
Standard Cell Holder	1-position and automatic 6-position cell holder
Keyboard	Membrane keypad
Software	DNA ratio/concentration with or without scanning Direct protein at 280nm Protein standard curves Cell growth Oligo calculator - absorptivity, molecular weight, factor and theoretical T _m Absorbance/Transmittance/Concentration Absorbance Ratio Absorbance Difference Standard Curve Kinetics Survey Scan Performance Validation Multiple Wavelength 3 Point Net
Test Storage	Up to 40 sets of test parameters
Languages	Software and Printout: English, French, German, Spanish, Italian (user selectable)
Printer (optional)	40-column internal graphics
Power Requirements	Selected automatically; 100 - 240 Volts

Appendix A - Specifications

	BioMate 3
Dimensions	330W x 410D x 235H mm (13" x 16" x 9")
Weight	8.6 Kg (19lb)
Warranty	1 year

¹ These specifications are valid only when the required environmental conditions (see below) are met.

² When working in the range of 800 to 1100nm, allow the instrument to warm up for at least an hour.

³ Measured using NIST 930D filters

⁴ 220nm and 340nm measurements with SPECTRONIC Standards (#333150)

Table 2 Environmental and electricalrequirements (meets the IEC 1010-1international safety standard)

Line voltages
100 - 240 VAC ±10%
50 - 60 Hz
80 VA max
Operating environment
The instrument meets the specifications on the previous page under the following conditions after a 30-minute warm-up period.
Ambient temperature: 5° to 35° C (41° F to 95° F)
Relative humidity - 20% - 80% RH
Storage environment
-20° C to 70° C (-4° F to 158° F) Relative humidity not to exceed 0.040 pounds moisture per pound of dry air. Allow instrument to adjust to room temperature for 24 hours after taking it out of storage.
Temperature should be maintained at $\pm 4^{\circ}$ F. Relative humidity should be maintained to $\pm 5\%$.
Altitude
From below sea level to 2000 meters (6562 feet)
For indoor use only
Installation Category II
Pollution Degree 2

The following table lists all the parameters used for the BioMate 3 applications and for the general tests available on the instrument and a brief description of each parameter.

Parameter	Description		
# of Wavelengths	Number of wavelengths set for multiple wavelength analysis		
# of wavelengths for wavelength accuracy	Used to determine wavelength accuracy of unit		
# Phot Accy Standards	Used to determine photometric accuracy of unit		
%Transmittance	Sets of transmittance value		
% of lamp life used	Estimated percentage of lamp life used (based on typical lamp life of 5 years)		
%Formamide	Percentage of formamide contained in the sample		
%GC	Percentage of GC pairs contained in the sample		
Absorbance	Set absorbance value		
Auto Print	Turns automatic printout on or off		
Base Sequence	Sequence of bases contained in the sample		
Beeper	Turns audible signal on and off		
Cell Correction	Program that automatically corrects for variances in absorption between the cuvetts used to hold and measure samples		
Cell Pos #	Position placed in light path; set by selection of sample positioner		
Concentration	Sets concentration value		
Correction Mode	Mode for cell correction collection		
Cursor position on Test Types menus	Indicates which option on the Test Types screen should be highlighted		
Cursor position on Utility menu	Indicates which option on the Utility screen should be highlighted		
Curve Fit	Type of Curve fit calculation		
Date Standards Measured	Date when standards were last measured with this instrument		
Date/Time Setup	Current date and time settings for the instrument		
Delay Time	Time from Test Initiation to first measurement; allows for sample equilibration		
Diluent Volume	Volume of diluent added prior to measurement		
Dilution Multiplier	Factor used to correct for sample dilution		
Display Activity	Indicates whether results should appear as units of enzyme activity		
Display Protein	Indicates whether results should include protein concentration		
DNA ε(260)	Extinction coefficient		
DNA Mol. Wt.	Molecular weight of DNA contained in sample		
Factor	Abs x Factor = Concentration Abs/min x Factor = Result		
Factor 1	Abs(WL1) x Factor = Result		
Factor 2	Abs(WL2) x Factor = Result		

Appendix B - Parameters

Factor 3-31	Abs(WL3-31) x Factor = Result		
Parameter	Description		
ID#	Numeric Identifier - automatically increments during test until parameter is reset or test is exited		
Intercept	Where line crosses the y-axis (abs where conc=0)		
Interval Time	Time between repeated readings		
Language	Language of any text on screen		
Linearity Value	To help determine the linearity of the reaction during the measurement, the spectrophotometer offers a linearity parameter. This parameter is the difference between the changes in absorbance of two measurements as shown in the following example: $ \frac{\text{Time}}{1} \frac{\text{Abs}}{1} \frac{\Delta A}{1} \frac{\text{Linearity}}{1} $ $ \frac{2}{1} .1 $ $ \frac{3}{2} .2 .1 $ $ \frac{3}{2} .29 .09 P $ $ \frac{4}{5} .46 .08 P $ $ \frac{6}{5} .52 .06 F $ Linearity is the ΔA between ΔA calculations. P = Pass F = Fail		
Lock/Unlock	Used to protect stored tests from accidental deletion or alteration		
Low/High Limits	Lowest & highest acceptable results, outside of which the result is flagged as 'Low' or 'High'		
Measurement Mode	The type of photometric data reported for a measurement		
Molarity of cation	Molarity of Na ⁺ in incubation mixture		
Number of Bases	Number of bases in the oligonucleotide		
Number of Matched Cuvettes	Number of cuvettes that will be run in the Correction Program (maximum of 5)		
Number of Samples	Number of samples to be measure in the whole test		
Number of Standards	Number of standards to be measured for standard curve		
Phot Accy Tolerance	±Photometric accuracy acceptable		
Pk-Pk Noise Tolerance	±Noise acceptable		
Printer	Selects output mode		
Recorder Chart High/Low	Range (high or low) setting for chart recorder		
Ref. Wavelength	Internal Reference wavelength; for each reported measurement, measures analytical wavelength & reference wavelength. Reported measurement = abs @ analytical WL - abs @ reference WL		
Ref. Wavelength Correction	Turns internal zeroing on or off		

Parameter	Description
Sample Positioner	Type of Positioner - 1 Cell Platform = no auto turret Manual = turret moved by buttons Auto 3 = turret auto moved - B, 2, 4 Auto 6 = turret auto moved - B, 1,2,3,4,5
Sample Volume	Total volume of sample
Scan Speed	nm/min for a scan
Setup Correction	Initiates the procedure to collect the data necessary to correct for cuvette variances
Slope	∆Abs/∆Concentration
SRE Tolerance	±Stray radiant energy acceptable
Standard Concentrations	Concentration of standards used to generate standard curve for the test
Standby	Time since last keystroke or instrument activity; powers down unit to minimum energy required to keep lamp in warm-up status
Statistics Turns statistics function on or off; if ON, calculates average and Std Dev of results;Statistics registers are cleared when Statistics when instrument is OFF &/or when test parameters are changed when test is saved (or resaved)	
Stop Wavelength	Ending wavelength for a scan
Test Name	Defined by user to identify stored tests
Tm value	Calculated melting temperature
Total Run Time	Time from Run Initiation to end of test = Delay Time + Interval Times + Measurement Times
Units	Labels concentration results
Wavelength values	Values for the analytical wavelengths

Appendix B - Parameters

Calculations

Table 1 Calculations for "Biotest" Software

Test Name	Calculation(s)	Default Parameters	Displayed Results
DNA/Protein (260, 280)	$\begin{array}{l} \textit{Dilution Factor } (D_{f}) = \underline{\text{diluent vol + sample volume}}\\ & \text{sample volume} \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{l} \textit{DNA concentration} = [(A_{1} - A_{ref})f_{1} - (A_{2} - A_{ref})f_{2}]D_{f}\\ \textit{Protein concentration} = [(A_{2} - A_{ref})f_{3} - (A_{1} - A_{ref})f_{4}] D_{f}\\ \textit{Ratio} = \underline{A_{1} - A_{ref}}\\ \hline A_{2} - A_{ref} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{l} A_{1} = 260 nm \\ A_{2} = 280 nm \\ A_{ref} = 320 nm \\ (optional) \\ f_{1} = 62.9 \\ f_{2} = 36.0 \\ f_{3} = 1552 \\ f_{4} = 757.3 \\ dil.vol. = 0 \\ smp.vol = 1 \end{array}$	μg/mL
DNA (260, 230)	$\begin{array}{l} \textit{Dilution Factor } (D_{f}) = \underline{\text{diluent vol} + \text{sample volume}} \\ \\ \textit{sample volume} \end{array} \\ \textit{DNA concentration} = [(A_{1} - A_{ref})f_{1} - (A_{2} - A_{ref})f_{2}] D_{f} \\ \textit{Protein concentration} = [(A_{2} - A_{ref})f_{3} - (A_{1} - A_{ref})f_{4}] D_{f} \\ \textit{Ratio} = \underline{A_{1} - A_{ref}} \\ \hline{A_{2} - A_{ref}} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{l} A_1 = 260 nm \\ A_2 = 230 nm \\ A_{ref} = 320 nm \\ (optional) \\ f_1 = 49.1 \\ f_2 = 3.48 \\ f_3 = 183 \\ f_4 = 75.8 \\ dil \ vol. = 0 \\ smp.vol = 1 \end{array}$	μg/mL
DNA (260, 280) with Scan	$\begin{array}{l} \textit{Dilution Factor } (D_{f}) = \underline{\text{diluent vol + sample volume}} \\ \hline \textit{Sample volume} \\ \hline \textit{DNA concentration} = [(A_{1} - A_{ref})f_{1} - (A_{2} - A_{ref})f_{2}] D_{f} \\ \hline \textit{Protein concentration} = [(A_{2} - A_{ref})f_{3} - (A_{1} - A_{ref})f_{4}] D_{f} \\ \hline \textit{Ratio} = \underline{A_{1} - A_{ref}} \\ \hline A_{2} - A_{ref} \end{array}$	Start wavelength = 225nm Stop wavelength = 325nm $A_1 = 260nm$ $A_2 = 280nm$ $A_{ref} = 320nm$ (optional) $f_1 = 62.9$ $f_2 = 36.0$ $f_3 = 1552$ $f_4 = 757.3$ dil.vol. = 0 smp.vo. = 0	μg/mL
DNA (260, 230) with Scan	$\begin{array}{l} \hline \textit{Dilution Factor} (D_{f}) = \underbrace{\text{diluent vol + sample vol.}}_{\text{sample volume}} \\ \hline \textit{DNA concentration} = [(A_{1} - A_{ref})f_{1} - (A_{2} - A_{ref})f_{2}]] D_{f} \\ \hline \textit{Protein concentration} = [(A_{2} - A_{ref})f_{3} - (A_{1} - A_{ref})f_{4}] D_{f} \\ \hline \textit{Ratio} = \underbrace{A_{1} - A_{ref}}_{A_{2}} - A_{ref} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{l} A_1 = 260 \text{nm} \\ A_2 = 230 \text{nm} \\ A_{\text{ref}} = 320 \text{nm} \\ \text{(optional)} \\ f_1 = 49.1 \\ f_2 = 3.48 \\ f_3 = 183 \\ f_4 = 75.8 \\ \text{dil.vol.} = 0 \\ \text{smp.vol.} = 1 \end{array}$	μg/mL

Test Name	Calculation(s)	Default Parameters	Displayed Results
dsDNA	<i>Conc.</i> = (F x A ₂₆₀)D _f	260nm Factor _{dsDNA} = 50	μg/mL
ssDNA, RNA	Conc. = $(F \times A_{260})D_f$	260nm Factor _{ssDNA} or _{RNA} = 40	μg/mL
Oligos (entered factor)	Conc. = (F x A ₂₆₀)D _f	260nm Factor _{oligos} = 33	μg/mL
Oligos (calc factor)	<i>Conc.</i> = (F x A ₂₆₀)D _f F = factor calculated by Oligo Calculator	260nm	μg/mL
Bradford – standard	Second order	595nm Std. Conc. of 0, 200, 400, 600, 800,1000	μg/mL
Bradford – micro	Second order	595nm Std. Conc. of 0, 20, 40, 60, 80, 100	μg/mL
Lowry – standard	Second order	550nm Std. Conc. of 0, 100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000	μg/mL
Lowry – micro	Second order	750nm Std. Conc. of 0, 20, 50, 100, 200, 500	μg/mL
(BCA) – standard	Second order	562nm Std. Conc. of 0, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.8, 1.0	mg/mL
(BCA) – micro	Second order	562nm Std. Conc. of 0, 0.5, 1, 2, 5, 10	μg/mL
Biuret	First order through zero	540nm Std. Conc. of 0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10	mg/mL
Direct UV (280)	<i>Conc.</i> = (F x A ₂₈₀)D _f	280nm Factor ₂₈₀ = 1	mg/mL
Direct UV (205)	<i>Conc.</i> = (F x A ₂₀₅)D _f	205nm Factor ₂₀₅ = 31	mg/mL
Warburg-Christian	Dilution Factor $(D_f) = \frac{\text{diluent vol.} + \text{sample vol.}}{\text{sample volume}}$	$A_1 = 280nm$ $A_2 = 260nm$ $f_1 = 1.55$ $f_1 = 0.76$	mg/mL
Cell growth	None	600nm	Abs

Calculations

Calculation	Entry Parameters	Formula	Displayed Units
# of bases	Repetitive sequence of A, T (or U), G and C	Count of total # of bases entered	Length = # of bases
%GC content	Use AT (U) GC sequence entered above	$%GC = \frac{\# \text{ of } (G + C) \text{ bases}}{\text{total } \# \text{ of } AT(\text{or } U)GC} \times 100$	Percentage
Molecular weight	# units A, # units T, # units G, # units C, # units U	If entry <u>does not include</u> U: MW = (312.2 x A) + (303.2 x T) + (329.2 x G) + (289.2 x C) + 18.02 If entry <u>does include</u> U: MW = (329.2 x A) + (306.2 x U) + (345.2 x G) + (305.2 x C) + 18.02	Molecular weight = x daltons/M
Absorptivity ε (260)	# units A, # units T, # units G, # units C, # units U	If entry <u>does not include</u> U: $\varepsilon_{260} = (15,200 \text{ x A}) + (8,400 \text{ x T})$ + (12,010 x G) + (7,050 x C) If entry <u>does include</u> U: $\varepsilon_{260} = (15,200 \text{ x A}) + (9,900 \text{ x U})$ + (12,010 x G) + (7,050 x C)	Extinction coefficient = M ⁻¹ cm ⁻¹
Conversion Factor	N/A	Molecular Weight x 10 ³ Extinction Coefficient	μg/mL
Calculation of T _m : Oligos up to 20 bases in length	# units A, # units T, # units G, # units C	$T_m = 2(A + T) + 4(G + C)$	℃
Calculation of Tm: DNA-DNA hybrids	 # units A, # units T, # units G, # units C M = molarity of cation Fraction GC = fraction of G and C % form = % formamide in the sample L = # of base pairs P = % mismatching 	T _m = 81.5C + 16.6log ((Na+)/ (1+0.7(Na+)) + 0.41(%GC) – 500/L – P – 0.63(%formamide)	°C
Calculation of Tm: DNA-RNA hybrids	 # units A, # units T, # units G, # units C M = molarity of cation Fraction GC = fraction of G and C %form = %formamide in the sample L = # of base pairs P = % mismatching 	T _m = 67°C + 16.6log ((Na+)/ (1+0.7(Na+)) + 0.8(%GC) – 500/L – P – 0.5(%formamide)	℃

Calculation	Entry Parameters	Formula	Displayed Units
Calculation of Tm: RNA-RNA hybrids	 # units A, # units T, # units G, # units C M = molarity of cation Fraction GC = fraction of G and C %form = %formamide in the sample L = # of base pairs P = % mismatching 	T _m = 78°C + 16.6log ((Na ⁺)/ (1+0.7(Na ⁺)) + 0.7(%GC) – 500/L – P – 0.35(%formamide)	°C
Conversion from	 μg/mL and molecular weight from Oligo (calc factor) test 	pmol/μL= <u>μg/mL x 1000</u> DNA Mol. Wt.	pmol/µL

Calculations

Table 3 Calculations for Software

Calculation	Calculation(s)	Graphs
Standard Curves		
Partial sums	$SX = \Sigma x_i$ $SY = \Sigma y_i$ $SXX = \Sigma x_i^2$ $SYY = \Sigma y_i^2$ $SXY = \Sigma x_i y_i$ $SQX = \Sigma (x_i - \overline{x})^2 = N \cdot SXX - SX^2$ $SQY = \Sigma (y_i - \overline{y})^2 = N \cdot SYY - SY^2$ $SSXY = \Sigma (x_i - \overline{x})(y_i - \overline{y}) = N \cdot SXY - SX \cdot SY$ where: x_i = concentration of <i>i</i> th standard y_i = absorbance of <i>i</i> th standard N = number of standards	
Linear regression (general case)	$A = A(c)$ where: $A = absorbance$ $c = concentration$ $A(c)$ is defined by an equation of the form $A(c) = a_4c^4 + a_3c^3 + a_2c^2 + a_1c + a_0$ where: $a_0 = Y$ -axis intercept $a_1a_4 = coefficients$ The coefficients are computed using the least squares method.	
Linear regression through zero	$A = a_1 * (c)$ where: $A = absorbance$ $c = concentration$ $a_1 = slope$ The slope is calculated as $a_1 = SXY$ SXX This model requires: • Slope is not equal to zero • At least one standard data point with concentration not equal to zero	
Segmented model	 The segmented model requires: Data for at least two standard data points with different concentrations and absorbances Slopes of all segments must be ascending (positive) <i>OR</i> descending (negative) 	

Calculation	Calculation(s)	Graphs
Validity of standard curves	$A(c_1) > A(c_2)$ for all $c_1 > c_2$ for all $c_1 > c_2$ for all $c_1 > c_2$ where: $A = absorbance$ $c_1, c_2 = concentration$ If this is not the case, then there will be more than one solution within the specified domain, and the message "Curve cannot be used to determine unknown concentrations - it may produce ambiguous results" will appear when the curve is viewed.	ABBORBANCE ABBORB
Statistics (Linear regression general case)	$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\sum(y_i - \overline{y}_i)^2}{N - n - 1}}$ where: $n = degree of polynomial$ $r = \frac{ SSXY }{\sqrt{SQX * SQY}}$ Note: The calculation for the correlation coefficient only applies to first-order linear regression curves (first-degree polynomials).	
Linear regression through zero model	$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\text{SYY}-(a_1 * \text{SXY})}{N-1}}$	
Absorbance Ratio	$\frac{Abs\lambda_1}{Abs\lambda_2} \text{ or } \frac{Abs\lambda_1 - Abs_{ref}}{Abs\lambda_2 - Abs_{ref}}$	
Absorbance Difference	Result = $Abs\lambda_1^* \text{ factor } 1 - Abs\lambda_2^* \text{ factor } 2$ or $(Abs\lambda_1 - Abs\lambda_{ref})^* \text{factor } 1 - (Abs\lambda_2 - Abs\lambda_{ref})^* \text{factor } 2$	

Calculation	Calculation(s)	Graphs
3-Point Net	Baseline corrected absorbance =	A2
	$A_2 - \left(A_3 + \left([A_1 - A_3] * \frac{\lambda_3 - \lambda_2}{\lambda_3 - \lambda_1} \right) \right)$	A ₁ CORPECTED PEAK HEIGHT A ₂ WAVEI FNGTH A ₂ WAVEI FNGTH
		sample curve

Appendix C - Calculations

Index

3-Point Net	
measurements	

A

A/%T/C program
Absorbance & %Transmittance measurements 3-8
Absorbance Difference1-1, 3-16, 3-17, C-6
Absorbance Ratio1-1, 3-15, C-6
Accessories5-1
Accessories, connecting & using1-3, 5-1
Area under a curve, calculating3-20, 3-23
Auto 3/Auto 6
3-13, 3-15, 3-16, 3-20, 3-25, 3-27
AutoPrint

В

Back panel	.3, 1-1, 4-6, 6-2
Base sequence	2-6, 2-12, B-1
Baseline expiration	
Baseline scan, collecting	3-20, 3-21
BCA (bicinchoninic acid)	2-7, 2-8, C-1
Biuret	7, 2-8, C-1, C-2
Bradford2-	7, 2-8, C-1, C-2

С

Calculations
Calibration1-1
Cell Correction program1-4, 3-3, 3-4,
3-5, 3-8, 3-9, 3-12, 3-15, 3-16, 3-17,
3-18, 3-20, 3-24, 3-25, 3-26
Cell Growth
Cell holders & cell holder accessories
3-4, 5-1, 5-2, 6-3
Cleaning6-1, 6-2

Concentration measurements	.3-6, 3-10
Concentration units	2, 3-6, 3-7
Custom units	3-1, 3-2

D

Date and time, setting	g
Direct UV	.2-3, 2-9, 2-10, C-1, C-2
DNA2-2, 2-3, 2-12	, A-1, B-1, C-1, C-3, C-4
DNA with scan	
dsDNA	2-2, 2-5, 2-6, C-1, C-2

Ε

External computers	 -3

F

Factor, entering .	3-7, 3-8,	3-10,	3-11,	3-26
Fuses, changing				6-2

G

Glassware	.ii,	1-3,	3-3,	6-2
Graphical scan data, rescaling	.		3	3-22

Н

High Limit												.3	6-1	12	2
•															

I

Instrument, setting up1-1
Intercept
Interface cable
Internal printer1-3
installing
setting up1-3
test
Interval Time

Κ

Keypad		4
Kinetics	3-17,	3-18
rescaling & recalculating results	3-18,	3-20

L

Language, selecting1-	1, 1-2
Lock test	iii
Lowry	1, C-2

Μ

Maintenance procedures	.6-1
Manual 6	3-5,
3-9, 3-11, 3-12, 3-13, 3-16, 3-17, 3	3-20,
3-25,	3-27
Multiple Wavelengths	3-26

Ν

Noise measurement	.4-1, 4-4
Nucleic acid measurements	.2-1, 2-2
Number of Samples	3-12

0

Oligo c	alculator	.2-2,	2-12	, A-1,	C-1	, C-2,	C-3
Oligos	.2-2, 2-5,	2-6,	2-7,	2-12,	C-1	, C-2,	C-3
Olig	onucleotic	le	.2-1,	2-2,	2-3,	2-12,	B-2

Ρ

Paper roll holders, installing4, 1-1, 1-	3
Paper, loading1-	3
ParametersB-	1
Password	iii
Peaks and valleys, labeling	4
Photometric accuracy4-1, 4-3, 4-	4
Printer, installing	3

Protein Measurements	 	.2-1, 2-7
		,

R

Replacement parts .				6-3,	C-2
RNA	2-2,	2-3,	2-5,	2-12,	C-1

S

Т

Гest
Гests
Internal Printer4-5
recalling .3-9, 3-10, 3-15, 3-16, 3-17, 3-20,
3-25, 3-26
RS232C4-6

saving	.3-5, 3-9, 3-10, 3-13, 3-15,
:	3-16, 3-18, 3-21, 3-25, 3-26
Tm	
Total run time	

U

Unlock test	.3-1
Utility parameters, setting1-1,	1-3

W

Warburg-Christian	.2-10, 2-11, C-1, C-2
Warranty	
Wavelength accuracy	
internal	
standards	

Ζ

Z-dimensions					1	-1,	1-2
--------------	--	--	--	--	---	-----	-----

Index

Item No.: 335904-10001, Rev G 06/03 Component No.: 335904-10063, Rev G 06/03